PUBLIC HEALTH REPORTS

VOL. 33

JULY 12, 1918.

No. 28

ORDER PLACING PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIVITIES UNDER ONE CONTROL.

EXECUTIVE ORDER.

Whereas in order to avoid confusion in policies, duplication of effort, and to bring about more effective results, unity of control in the administration of the public health activities of the Federal Government is obviously essential, and has been so recognized by acts of Congress creating in the Treasury Department a Public Health Service, and specially authorizing such service "to study the diseases of man and the conditions influencing the propagation and spread thereof" and "to cooperate with and aid State and municipal boards of health":

Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, President of the United States, by virtue of the authority vested in me as Chief Executive, and by the act "authorizing the President to coordinate or consolidate executive bureaus, agencies, and offices, and for other purposes, in the interest of economy and the more efficient concentration of the Government," approved May 20, 1918, do hereby order that all sanitary or public health activities carried on by any executive bureau, agency, or office, especially created for or concerned in the prosecution of the existing war, shall be exercised under the supervision and control of the Secretary of the Treasury.

This order shall not be construed as affecting the jurisdiction exercised under authority of existing law by the Surgeon General of the Army, the Surgeon General of the Navy, and the Provost Marshal General in the performance of health functions which are military in character as distinguished from civil public health duties, or as prohibiting investigations by the Bureau of Labor Statistics of vocational diseases, shop sanitation, and hygiene.

WOODROW WILSON.

The WHITE HOUSE, July 1, 1918.

ANTHRAX FROM SHAVING BRUSHES.

The Public Health Service has been informed by the Surgeon General of the Army of the occurrence of several cases of anthrax, apparently due to infected shaving brushes. In this connection it

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seems desirable that the English experience, as reported by the Local Government Board 1, 2, 3, 4, be reviewed.

Among civilians in England, 19 cases are included from June, 1915, to October, 1916, 14 of which were proved to have originated from infected shaving brushes, the evidence being that a new brush was used in each case just before the malignant pustule appeared, and that virulent anthrax was found not merely on the patient's brush (in which case the patient might have infected it), but on similar brushes obtained from the same shops or wholesalers. The other five cases were suspected of having originated in the same way, though evidence was not conclusive.

Among the English troops in France, 28 cases of anthrax occurred from 1915 to February, 1917, but although the site in 23 of them was in the shaving area, and it was known that some of the infected lots of brushes were distributed to troops, proof of infection in this manner is lacking.

From the beginning of the war up to February, 1917, 18 infections with anthrax occurred among the troops in England, at least 12 of these being on the shaving area, and 4 almost certainly being due to shaving brushes.

Of the 33 cases with known outcome, 21 died, a mortality of 64 per cent. In this connection it may be remarked that except in endemic locations, such as tannery districts, many mild cases probably recover without diagnosis, the case mortality appearing higher on that account. Coutts's report is concerned with epidemiology rather than with the clinical or pathological findings, but the cases were as a rule of the usual malignant pustular type, with edema. One reason for the high mortality may lie in the site, infections of the neck being more serious than those elsewhere on the body. In one case the pustule developed within 24 hours of an accidental razor cut on the first day of using the infected brush. In another case the infected brush was used only once and the pustule developed about six days later. Two of the patients had fatal anthrax meningitis without any local lesions other than the apparently noninfected razor cut. Meningitis due to the anthrax bacillus has been reported from Holland 5 and England, 6 and one of the recent American cases has been of this type.

¹ Coutts, F. G. H.: Report on an inquiry into cases of anthrax (malignant pustule or external anthrax) suspected to be due to the use of infected shaving brushes. Reports to the Local Government Board on Public Health and Medical Subjects, new series, No. 112, 1917.

² Eastwood, A.: Appendix No. 2, Pathological. Report of the medical officer for 1915-16, Forty-fifth annual report of the Local Government Board, London, 1917, pp. 9-11.

³ Newsholme, A.: Anthrax from shaving brushes. Report of the medical officer for 1916-17. Forty-sixth annual report of the Local Government Board, London, 1917, pp. XI-XIII.

^{*} Eastwood, A.; Appendix No. 3 (Pathological Laboratory). Idem, pp. 10-11.

^{*} De Jong, R. de J.: Hemorrhagic Meningitis from Infection with Anthrax. Nederlandsch Tijdsch, r. Geneesk, 1917, 2, 484.

[•] Reece, R. J.: Lancet, 1917, 1, 406.

Fifteen of the civilian cases were due to 12 different types of brush, but 6 of these types were from one manufacturer, the hair used coming from different lots. It is disconcerting to learn that some of the infected brushes were made from hair which had presumably been disinfected in accordance with requirements. Six other manufacturers were implicated, at least two of them being New York firms and one an Osaka firm. Four of the fatal cases were due to New York brushes. The brushes had gone through the hands of various wholesalers, retailers, and brokers, and much credit is due those who traced the origin of the infection in spite of the lack of method in storing and dealing with these cheap brushes in commerce. In the very heavily infected Japanese lot about 75 per cent of a shipment of 43,200 were traced and destroyed; an indication of the low human susceptibility to anthrax is found in the fact that only one case is known to have originated from the remaining 10.000, though all samples of this lot examined were infected. The horsehair from China and Siberia seemed to be principally involved, especially the gray or yellowish hair and imitation badger hair; some of the dirty, infected Chinese hair had been incorrectly invoiced as "goat's hair." Hog bristles, which are stiffer, seem to be free from anthrax, though much of this material comes from Siberia. Previous experience with occupational anthrax had made English and German manufacturers wary of Russian. Siberian, or Chinese horsehair, but the great demand for brushes and the interference with usual trade channels for the raw material led to a letting down of the bars on the part of the older manufacturers, and carelessness on the part of new manufacturers who knew little of the danger of horsehair. Black or thoroughly dyed hair seems to have been disinfected satisfactorily, but there is a tendency to avoid high temperatures in the disinfection of the white hair and of that colored to imitate badger hair. The thorough and repeated washing in hot soapy water which a shaving brush receives in use appears to rid it of the dangerous infection mechanically, since most of the cases occurred soon after the new brush was used, and in two brushes which had caused anthrax the free portion of the hair showed no infection, while anthrax bacilli were found on the ends of the hair imbedded in the handle; in the corresponding unused brushes, the anthrax bacilli were found on the free portion of the hair.

MALARIA CONTROL.

RESULTS OBTAINED BY A LOCAL COMMUNITY FOLLOWING ANTIMOSQUITO DEMON-STRATION STUDIES BY THE UNITED STATES PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE IN COOP-ERATION WITH THE INTERNATIONAL HEALTH BOARD.

(Direction: J. E. Sparks, M. D., Chief Surgeon, Crossett Lumber Co. Advisory Supervision: R. C. Derivaux, Passed Assistant Surgeon, United States Public Health Service; H. A. Taylor, M. D.; Field Director, International Health Board.)

Demonstrations of malaria control through antimosquito measures have been repeatedly made by the United States Public Health Service, and the concrete results, measured by reduction in prevalence of the disease, have been published.¹ On the other hand, it has previously been impossible to report, except in general terms, the results in so far as they related to the continuance of the antimalaria work by the local health authorities. Such results are the real measure of the success of these demonstration studies.

In 1916 a demonstration of antimosquito measures was conducted at Crossett,2 Ark., by the Public Health Service in cooperation with the International Health Board and with the approval of the State Board of Health of Arkansas.3 In 1917, in conformity with recommendations made by the Public Health Service to the city of Crossett and the Crossett Lumber Co., necessary appropriations were made, and the mosquito control activities were included in the existing civic routine for continuance under the supervision of the local hospital and health department. The Public Health Service and International Health Board discontinued active operations, but their representatives gave supervisory assistance. As accurate records were kept, it is now possible to compare the cost and effects of demonstration work of the service in malaria control with those resulting from the continuation of such work by a local community. Results of 1916 activities.—The results obtained during the first year may be summarized as follows:

As ascertained by repeated parasite indices, a reduction of 77.33 per cent was obtained and a reduction of the total visits for malaria, as compared with the previous year (1915), of 70.39 per cent; for the "active" season, comprising the months from and including June to December, a reduction of visits of 82.07 per cent was obtained from the number made in the same period of the year before.

The total costs of the control operations aggregate \$2,506.40, a per capita cost of \$1.23½. Control work is to be continued and, much of the first work being of a permanent character, should cost substantially less.⁴

¹ Demonstrations of Malaria Control. By R. H. von Ezdorf. Reprint No. 328 from the Public Health Reports (Mar. 10, 1916). Public Health Bulletin No. 88—Malaria Control. A report of demonstration studies conducted in urban and rural sections. By R. C. Derivaux, H. A. Taylor, and T. D. Haas. The annual reports of the Surgeon General, United States Public Health Service, for the years 1915, 1916, and 1917, contain further reports of demonstration studies in malaria control.

² A lumber community of 2,029 inhabitants, situated in Ashley County, southeastern Arkansas,

^a Public Health Bulletin No. 88.

⁴ Public Health Bulletin No. 88, p. 55.

1155

Conditions in Crossett in 1917.—Conditions in and about Crossett have undergone practically no alteration during 1917 other than those of population incidental to the departure of a number of young men, most of them unmarried, for military service and their replacement by newcomers, accompanied in many instances by families. Although the number of inhabitants is said to have been about the same in 1917 as in 1916, these changes in the character of the population may have affected the local incidence of malaria, and, in the absence of continued protective activities, might have contributed to a return toward the high prevalence prior to 1916.

The climatologic conditions during 1917 are shown in the following table, prepared from the summaries on observations of the local Weather Bureau station:

Table 1 .- Summary, meteorologic data, Crossett, Ark., 1917.

		Temperatur	e.	Total		
Month.	Mean.	Maximum.	Minimum.	precipita- tion.	Remarks.	
	°F.	°F.	° F.	Inches.		
January	49.0	79	19	5.78		
February	49.4	85	15	2.83		
March	57.1	84	22	4.77		
April	63.4	87	36	7.61		
May	67.5	92	40	1.98	Last killing frost May &	
une	78.2	97	50	3.47		
uly	80.3	103	63	4.43		
August	82.0	98	58	4.85		
September	73.3	95	50	1.58		
October	59.9	89	26	2.53	First killing frost Oct. 9.	
November	52.3	75	21	0.61		
December	41.0	74	9	1.85		
Total				42.29		

As a whole, considerably less malaria has occurred in southeastern Arkansas and northern Louisiana during 1917 than has formerly been usual, which has undoubtedly been not without importance in modifying the influence of control operations in Crossett. The departure from the "normal" incidence of malaria has been variously estimated by a number of physicians in the adjoining counties and parishes of the States named as having been between 10 and 30 per cent, and has been ascribed to lengthy intervals between successive rains with consequent drying of mosquito-breeding places rather than to any considerable diminution of the total regional precipitation.

Control operations in 1917.—As in the previous year, the measures during 1917 included preliminary clearing and training of streams and ditches, oiling, fills, and control of artificial containers. After instruction by Dr. H. A. Taylor, field director, International Health Board, a sanitary inspector undertook immediate supervision of operations in April. All of the existing streams and ditches were thoroughly cleared of the winter's accumulation of débris by a crew of

July 12, 1918 . 1156

colored laborers. For the supplemental routine use of oil, applied by knapsack sprayers, two oilers were employed, half of whose time, however, was applied to maintenance work on ditches, removal of obstructions from streams, and repair of minor damages following rainstorms. Near the end of the season, the streams and ditches were again carefully gone over by a ditching gang, preparatory to cessation of the work for the winter. Due to unusually cool weather, it was found possible to suspend active operations in October, a month earlier than in the preceding year.

Costs.—The costs are given in summary in the following table. In the item "labor" is included the salary of the sanitary inspector and about \$45 for work of a permanent nature.

Table 2.—Costs of malaria-control operations, 1917, Crossett, Ark.

Labor (including salary sanitary inspector, 7 months, at \$60 per month)	\$1, 1	133.	92
Tools, etc.		32.	48
Oils ² and other larvicides	1	109.	05
m-tol	1 4	275	4=

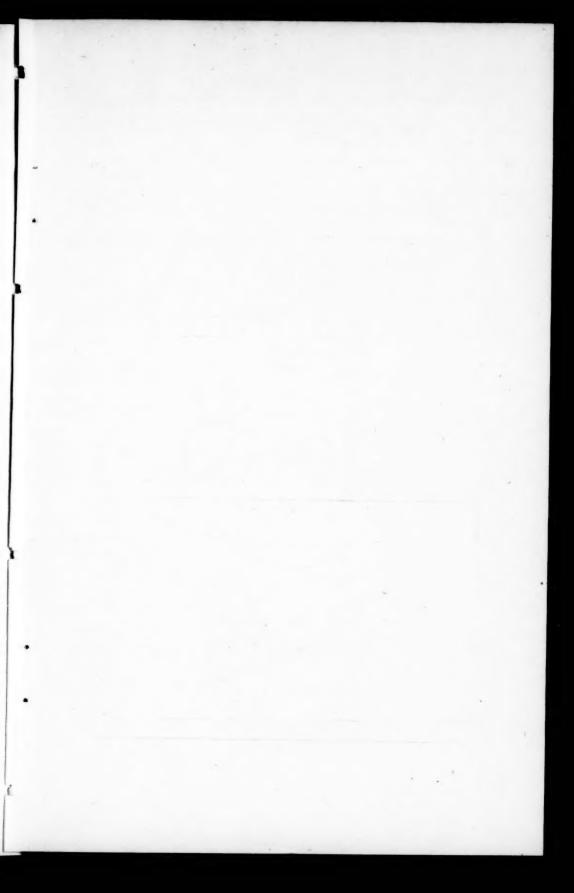
Results.—As one of its primary and most appreciable results, this work was followed by an almost complete freedom from annoyance by mosquitoes during the entire year, comments to this effect being commonly heard. The direct gain in malaria control has been determined by comparison of the 1916 and 1917 records of the Crossett Lumber Co. Hospital of observed cases of malaria and professional visits for the disease. These cases and calls bear a fairly constant relation to the total cases and calls in Crossett.

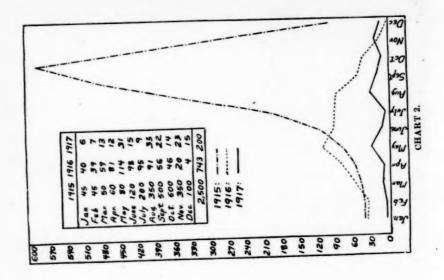
Table 3.—Reported cases and calls, malaria, Crossett, Ark., 1917.

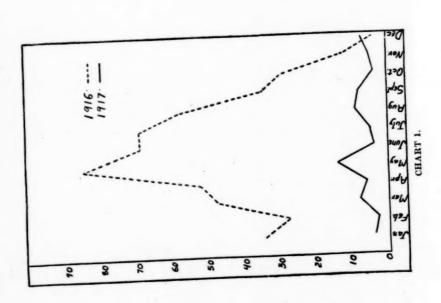
	Cases.						Calls.							
	White.		White. Colored.		White.			Colored.			Total cases.			
	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.	M.	F.	T.		
January February March April. May June July August September October November December	2 3 4 6 2 3 5 3 1	1 2 1 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 3	2 1 5 5 9 3 4 6 5 3 2 4	2 2 2 1 4 1 1 2 2 1 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 2 3 1 5 1 1 3 3 1 3 3	3 2 4 5 14 6 4 10 6 4 3 4	1 1 3 4 8 3 1 9 4 5 10 3	4 3 7 9 22 9 5 19 10 9 13 7	2 3 3 1 6 2 2 8 5 3 6 2	1 3 2 3 4 2 6 7 2 4 6	2 4 6 3 9 6 4 14 12 5 10 8	4 3 8 6 14 4 5 9 8 4 5 7	13 12 31 13 15 33 22 14 20 15
Total	30	19	49	20	8	28	65	52	117	43	40	83	77	200

A partial fill of the ditch known as the "Fish Pond Feeder," whereby its area is estimated to have been reduced about half an acre.

About 3 barrels of oil donated by the city of Crossett are not herein included.







In chart 1 are presented curves showing the monthly distribution of the cases of malaria in 1916 and 1917. From these may be noted the diminution of the incidence of malaria as manifested by its appearance clinically. The net reduction in 1917 over 1916 was 85.5 per cent and the reduction in May, in which the maximum was reached during both years, was 83.7 per cent. In considering this chart it is to be noted that antimalaria work in 1916 did not begin until May.

Chart 2 shows graphs of the professional visits for malaria during 1915, 1916, and 1917, by months. The total recorded calls for 1915 were distributed by estimate among the different months. This chart is believed to represent most accurately the results progressively obtained through the control campaigns of 1916 and 1917. The reduction in calls in 1916 over the previous year was 70.39 per cent, and in 1917 an additional reduction of 73.07 per cent was made. The gross diminution over the two years was from 2,502 visits to 200 visits, or approximately 92 per cent.

Costs with reference to control gained.—In Table 4 are summarized the costs for the two years' work, for purposes of comparison:

Table 4.—Reduction in malaria at Crossett and its costs.

	1916	1917
Total cost of control operations. Total population (May, 1916).	2,029	\$1, 275. 45 2, 029
Per capita cost . Per family cost (average). Reduction in incidence of malaria as ascertained by repeated parasite indices	\$1,234	\$0.63 \$2.71
(May to December, 1916)	72.33	
1917. per cent. Reduction as determined by comparison of cases occurring in May (maximum), 1916 and 1917. per cent.		85. 5 83. 7
1916 and 1917. per cent Reduction as determined by comparison of total professional visits, 1915, 1916, 1917. per cent Gross reduction in total calls, 1915–1917. do	70.39	73. 07 92. 0

Economic effect of the work.—The following letter from the assistant secretary and treasurer of the Crossett Lumber Co. is expressive of the results of the malaria control work at Crossett with special reference to their economic and industrial application:

OCTOBER 16, 1917.

Dr. R. C. DERIVAUX,

United States Marine Hospital, New Orleans, La.

DEAR SIR: During one of your recent visits to Crossett you expressed a desire of receiving some data as to the economic effect of the antimosquito work that you have been conducting for the last two years.

While much might be said in favor of the campaign that has been conducted, there are a few results that deserve special emphasis, purely from the standpoint of labor efficiency.

Living conditions have been much more attractive, purely from the standpoint of comfort resulting in a certain kind of contentment that would not have been possible otherwise.

July 12, 1918 1158

Comparing conditions with former years. Our pay roll and hospital records show a large number of employees who were idle on account of sickness, principally due to malaria, whereas during the past 12 months there has been practically no shortage of labor from this same cause. Our industry as well as others has suffered on account of scarcity of labor on account of Army volunteering and furnishing quota due to the draft; hence if in addition to these unusual demands upon our men we were further handicapped by the usual amount of sickness as was the rule in former years, our production would have been decreased at this time at least 33 per cent. We have been maintaining a thorough antimosquito campaign during the year for less than \$1,000 and no other investment that we have made will bring us as large returns.

Yours, very truly,

CROSSETT LUMBER Co.;
A. TRIESCHMANN.

Summary.—The control of malaria by measures directed against the anopheline mosquito was continued in Crossett, Ark., by the community during 1917. The measures were the same as those employed by the Public Health Service in its demonstration work conducted in cooperation with the International Health Board. They consisted of drainage and filling operations supplemented by oiling.

The reduction in malaria during 1917 over 1916, as shown by the decrease in number of cases of the disease reported, was 85.5 per cent. The reduction as determined by comparison of the total professional visits for the disease in 1916 and 1917 was 73 per cent. The reduction for both years together, as determined by the professional visits, was 92 per cent. The degree of economic efficiency made possible by this reduction is of particular importance at the present time because of war conditions.

The total cost of the two years' work was \$3,781.85. In 1916 it was \$2,506.40, and in 1917, \$1,275.45, the per capita costs being, respectively, \$1.23\frac{1}{2}\$ and \$0.63, and the per family costs \$5.31 and \$2.71—a reduction in the relative cost of the second year over the first of about 50 per cent.

VACCINATION OF SCHOOL CHILDREN.

ARKANSAS SUPREME COURT UPHOLDS A REGULATION REQUIRING VACCINATION OF PUPILS IN THE SCHOOLS OF THE STATE.

In December, 1917, the State Board of Health of Arkansas adopted a regulation requiring a certificate of successful or recent vaccination or a certificate of immunity from smallpox as a condition to attendance upon the schools of the State. The Supreme Court of the State, in an opinion rendered June 3, 1918, decided that the regulation was valid.

The court said:

"It is true that the board of health is not authorized to manage or control the schools of the State, either public or private. That 1159 July 12, 1918

power is conferred upon other agencies. The prevention of the spread of contagious or infectious diseases by preventing unvaccinated persons from associating with the school children and school teachers of the State in no way infringes upon the constitutional right to attend the schools or the management and control thereof by school boards or directors. It would not be contended that parents and guardians could send their children to school unclad and unfed. Other reasonable health regulations are just as important as food and clothing.

"It is a well-established rule of law that legislative bodies have no right to delegate the law making power to executive officers or administrative boards, but it is settled in this State that the legislature may delegate 'the power to determine some factor or state of things upon which the law makes or intends to make its own action depend.' (Boyd v. Bryant, 35 Ark., 69.) * * * The creation of boards of health for the purpose of preventing and controlling contagious diseases and the right of the boards to adopt reasonable rules and regulations for that purpose is not regarded generally as a delegation of legislative authority. (12 R. C. L., pp. 1265 and 1271, and cases cited in support of the text.) * *

"The necessity for and reasonableness of the regulations is largely within the judgment of the board. Every presumption is indulged in favor of the necessity of the rule, and courts will not interfere with acts of health authorities unless it is apparent that the rule is arbitrary. (12 R. C. L., 1273.) We think the existing conditions in the State of Arkansas at the time the rule was adopted warranted the adoption of such a rule. It is commonly known that at that time smallpox was prevalent in the State and that unless preventive measures were adopted a smallpox epidemic might result. It was adopted during the period of the mobilization of Arkansas' army quota. Soldiers were being transported in and out of the State in great numbers. The virtue of vaccination as a preventive of smallpox can not longer be doubted. It is the generally known and accepted treatment for the prevention of this loathsome disease. We can not say that under the prevailing conditions the adoption and promulgation of such a rule was either unreasonable or unnecessary.

"It is contended that if the rule stands the compulsory education act necessarily brings about compulsory vaccination, and that compulsory vaccination is in conflict with the constitution. It is true that there is no American authority for compulsory vaccination in the sense of forcing one to submit his person thereto, but there is authority for penalizing one who refuses to comply with an order or law requiring vaccination. In support of this doctrine, we in-

July 12, 1918 1160

corporate in this opinion the following extract and authorities from case note, 17 L. R. A. (N. S.) 709:

"'It is a valid exercise of the police power to delegate to local boards of health authority to require, under penalty, the vaccination of all citizens when it may be deemed necessary to the public health and safety; and such necessity arises when smallpox is present in a community, or its appearance may be reasonably apprehended. (Com. v. Jacobson, 183 Mass., 242; 67 L. R. A., 935; 66 N. E., 719 (affirmed 197 U. S., 11; 49 L. Ed., 643; 25 Sup. Ct. Rep., 256); Morris v. Columbus, 102 Ga., 792; 42 L. R. A., 175; 66 Am. St. Rep., 243; 30 S. E., 850; State v. Hay, 126 N. C., 999; 49 L. R. A., 588; 78 Am. St. Rep., 691; 35 S. E., 459.)

"'And an adult is not deprived of his liberty by the enforcement of a rule of a local board of health requiring the vaccination of all citizens—at least in the absence of satisfactory evidence that he is not a fit subject of vaccination, or that, by reason of his condition, it will seriously impair his health, or possibly cause his death. (Com.

v. Jacobson, 197 U. S., 11; 49 L. Ed., 643; 25 Sup. Ct. Rep., 358).

"'And the fact that one has decided opinions against vaccination does not exempt him from the operation of such a regulation. (Com. v. Jacobson, 183 Mass., 242; 67 L. R. A., 935; 66 N. E., 719.)" "

PREVALENCE OF DISEASE.

No health department, State or local, can effectively prevent or control disease without knowledge of when, where, and under what conditions cases are occurring.

UNITED STATES.

EXTRA-CANTONMENT ZONES—CASES REPORTED WEEK ENDED JULY 6.

CAMP BEAUREGARD ZONE, LA.		CAMP DONIPHAN ZONE, OKLA.	
Alexandria: Ca	ses.	Elgin: Cas	ses.
Malaria	6	Whooping cough	2
Mumps	14	Fletcher:	_
Pellagra	1	Typhoid fever	1
Tuberculosis	1	Lawton:	•
Typhoid fever	1	Cerebrospinal meningitis	1
Whooping cough	12	Gonorrhea	7
Pineville:		Syphifis	i
Typhoid fever	3	, parage	
Rural district:	,o	CAMP EBERTS ZONE, ARK.	
Typhoid fever	2	Dysentery:	
Typnoid lever	2	Cabot	
			2
CAMP BOWIE ZONE, TEX.		Ward	2
Fort Worth:			
Diphtheria	3	Carlisle	1
Gonorrhea	13	Malaria:	
Malaria	1	Cabot	1
Measles	4	Cabot, route 2	1
Mumps	7	Carlisle	9
Pneumonia, lobar	2	Carlisle, route 2	5
Smallpox	1	Carlisle, route 5	2
*	-	Keo	2
Syphilis	14	Lonoke, route 1	3
Typhoid fever	10	Lonoke, route 3	1
Whooping cough	1	Lonoke, route 4	4
CAMP DEVENS ZONE, MASS.		Scotts	1
CAME DEVISION EUNE, MASS.		Scotts, route 1	1
Chicken pox:		Ward	3
Ayer	1	Measles:	-
Measles:	-	Austin, route 2	2
Ayer	1	England, route 2.	2
Lancaster	1	Mumps:	-
Light dotter		Keo	1
CAMP DODGE ZONE, IOWA.		Pellagra:	
Carney:		Cabot	
Diphtheria	1	England.	3
Des Moines:			1
Chancroid	1	Pettus	1
Measles.	1	Typhoid fever:	
	2	Austin	1
Mumps.	_	CAMP FUNSTON ZONE, KANS,	
Scarlet fever	1		
Smallpox	4	Junction City:	
Syphilis	4	Mumps	1
Grimes:		Smallpox	1
Scarlet fever	1	Whooping cough	1

CAMP FUNSTON ZONE, KANS.—continued.	1	CAMP JACKSON ZONE, S. C.	
Manhattan: Ca	ses.	Columbia: Ca	ses.
Gonorrhea	7	Mumps	2
Scarlet fever	1	Tuberculosis	1
Tuberculosis	1	Typhoid fever	3
Tuberculosis	•	Whooping cough	18
CAMP GORDON ZONE, GA.			10
Chicken pox:		Olympia:	
Atlanta	1	Scarlet fever	1
	•	CAMP JOSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, PLA.	
Diphtheria:		CAMP JUSEPH E. JOHNSTON ZONE, FLA.	
Atlanta	2	Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Dysentery:		Jacksonville	
Atlanta	2		1
German measles:		Chancroid:	-
Atlanta	4	Jacksonville	3
Gonorrhea:		Chicken pox:	
Atlanta	28	Jacksonville	3
Pinecrest		Enteritis:	
Malaria:		Jacksonville	2
Atlanta	3	Gonorrhea:	
	3	Jacksonville	42
Measles:	-	Malaria:	
Atlanta	3	Jacksonville	1
Mumps:			1
Atlanta	9	Measles:	
Scarlet fever:		Jacksonville	2
Atlanta	1	Mumps:	
Smallpox:		Fishers Corner	2
Atlanta	9	Pneumonia:	
		Jacksonville	1
Syphilis: Atlanta	11	Syphilis:	
		Jacksonville	14
Pinecrest	2	Trachoma:	**
Tuberculosis:		Jacksonville	1
Atlanta	15		
Typhoid fever:		Panama	6
Atlanta	14	Tuberculosis:	
Ingleside	1	Jacksonville	6
Scottdale	5	Ortega	1
91'b last by		Typhoid fever:	
Atlanta	1	Fishers Corner	3
ALUMANUM	•	Jacksonville	4
CAMP GREENE ZONE, N. C.		Whooping cough:	
Charlette Manachine		Fishers Corner	8
Charlotte Township:		Jacksonville	13
Gonorrhea	15	Jacksonville	13
Mumps	2		
Scarlet fever	5	FORT LEAVENWORTH ZONE, KANS.	
Syphilis	6	Lanconworth	
Tuberculosi3	1	Leavenworth:	
Typhoid fever	14	Diphtheria	3
Whooping cough	4	Gonorrhea	1
		Smallpox	2
GULFPORT HEALTH DISTRICT, MISS.		Typhoid fever	1
		Leavenworth County:	
Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Diphtheria	1
Gonorrhea	1	Measles	1
Malaria	29	Whooping cough	1
Measles	1		_
Mumps	4	CAMP LEE ZONE, VA.	
Tuberculosis	4		
Typhoid fever	3	Ettricks:	-
Whooping cough	3	Whooping cough	1
mortung confinement		Hopewell:	
CAMP HANCOCK ZONE, GA.		Scarlatina	1
Augusta:	İ	Scarlet fever	3
Measles	2	Whooping cough	10
Scarlet fever	1	Petersburg:	
Syphilis	36	Gonorrhea	8
Typhoid fever	1	Syphilis	7
Whooping cough	2	Typhoid fever	i
m nooping couga	- 1	a j priora rever	•

CAMP LEWIS ZONE, WASH.		NORFOLK COUNTY NAVAL DISTRICT, VA CON	tđ.
2002	ises.	Synhilis	
Spanaway		Norfolk	ses.
Steilacoom	. 2	Norfolk County	1
CAMP TOTAL HOME MAY		Portsmouth	3
CAMP LOGAN ZONE, TEX.		Tuberculosis:	0
Diphtheria:		Portsmouth	1
Houston	2	Typhoid fever:	1
Gonorrhea:		Norfolk	
Aldine	2	Port Norfolk.	
Dayton		Portsmouth	1
Houston		Whooping cough:	1
San Leon		Mount Hermon	
Sugar Land		Ocean View	1
Measles:		Portsmouth	1
Houston	2	Tortomouth	1
Mumps:		PORT OUI PEROPET TOUR OF	
Houston	3	FORT OGLETHORPE ZONE, GA.	
Syphilis:		Cerebrospinal meningitis:	
Houston	3	East Lake	1
Trachoma:		Chicken pox:	-
Houston	1	St. Elmo	1
Tuberculosis:		Diphtheria:	•
Houston	4	Chattanooga	1
	4	Dysentery:	•
Typhoid fever:		Chattanooga	1
Houston	4	Gonorrhea:	•
CAMP M'ARTHUR ZONE, TEX.		Chattanooga	5
Waco:		Malaria:	
Gonococcus infection	4	Chattanooga	1
Mumps	1	Mumps:	
Syphilis	1	Chattanooga	2
Typhoid fever	2	Scarlet fever:	4
Whooping cough	3	Chattanooga	1
		Smallpox:	1
CAMP M'CLELLAN ZONE, ALA.		Chattanooga	0
Ohishan name		Syphilis:	2
Chicken pox: Anniston		Chattanooga	
	1	North Chattanooga	8
Pneumonia: Anniston		Typhoid fever:	1
	1	Chattanoega	
Smallpox: Anniston		North Chattanooga	4
Typhoid fever:	1	North Chartano gal	1
Anniston		CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARK.	
Jacksonville	5	Chancroid:	
Precinct 2.	2	Little Rock	
Precinct 13	2	Gonorrhea:	1
recinct 19	2	Little Rock	
NORFOLK COUNTY NAVAL DISTRICT, VA.		North Little Rock	5
Chancroid:		Malaria:	2
	_		
Norfolk Portsmouth	2	Marche	15
	1		2
Chicken pox:		North Little Rock	7
Norfolk County	1	Pinnacle	1
Gonorrhea: Norfolk			
***************************************	25	Little Rock	1
Portsmouth	2	Mumps:	
Malaria:		Little Rock	1
Ocean View	1	North Little Rock	3
Pinners Point	1	Pellagra:	
Mumps:		Little Rock	1
Brighton	1	Pneumonia:	
Portsmouth	2	Little Rock	2
Pneumonia:		Smallpox:	
Port Norfolk	1	Little Rock	1
Portsmouth	1	Syphilis:	
Rabies, in animals:		Little Rock	5
Ocean View	1 !	North Little Rock	1

CAMP PIKE ZONE, ARK.—continued.		CAMP ZACHARY TAYLOR ZONE, KY.	
Tuberculosis: Ca	ses.	Cerebrospinal meningitis: Ca	ses.
Little Rock	6		
North Little Rock	1		
Typhoid fever:		United States Government clinic	1
North Little Rock	1	Diphtheria:	
Whooping cough:		Jefferson County	1
Little Rock	1	Louisville	
		Gonorrhea:	
PORTSMOUTH-KITTERY SANITARY DISTRICT, N.	н.	Jefferson County	1
Chicken pox:		United States Government clinic	
Portsmouth	1	Measles:	
South Berwick, Me	3	Louisville	2
German measies:		Mumps:	-
Portsmouth	1	Jefferson County	2
Measles:		Pneumonia:	-
York, Me	1	Louisville	
	-	Smellpox:	2
CAMP SEVIER ZONE, S. C.		*	-
Syphilis:		New Albany	2
Greenville Township	1	Syphilis:	
Tuberculcsis:	-	Jefferson County	
Bates Township	1	Louisville	1
Chick Springs Township	1	United States Government clinic	34
Typhoid fever:		Tuberculosis, pulmonary:	
Greenville Township	2	Jefferson County	1
CAMP SHELBY ZONE, MISS.		Jeffersonville	1
		Louisville	10
Hattiesburg:		New Albany	1
Chicken pox	1	Typhoid fever:	
Diphtheria	1	Louisville	4
Malaria	8	New Albany	1
Pneumonia	1	Whooping cough:	_
Typhcid fever	1	Jefferson County	2
Venereal	12	Louisville	4
Whooping cough	1		•
Leakesville:		TIDEWATER HEALTH DISTRICT, VA.	
Typhoid fever	1	Wampton.	
Richton:		Hampton:	
- Diphtheria	1	Tuberculosis4	1
		Newport News:	_
CAMP SHERIDAN ZONE, ALA.		Chancroid	1
Montgomery:		Gonorrhea	7
Chancroid	1	Smallpox	2
Diphtheria	1	Syphilis	3
Genorrhea	3	Tuberculosis	2
Malaria	2	Typhoid fever	3
Mumps	1		
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	1	CAMP TRAVIS ZONE, TEX.	
Typhoid fever	3	San Antonio:	
Mcntgomery County:	9	Cancer	1
Gonorrhea	1	Chancroid	1
		Gonorrhea	
Typhoid fever	3	Scarlet fever.	1
United States Government clinic:	_		
Chancroid	2	Syphilis Tuberculosis	
Gonorrhea	16	Tuberculosis	
Syphilis	9	Typhoid fever	26
CAMP SHERMAN ZONE, OHIO.		CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, S. C.	
Chillicothe:		Chicken pox:	
Diphtheria	2	Spartanburg	1
Diphtheria (carriers)	2	Diphtheria:	
Scarlet fever	2	Pauline	1
Tuberculosis, pulmonary	1	Gonorrhea:	
Colerain Township:		Cohens	1
Diphtheria	1	Glendale	1
United States Government clinic:		Greers	1
Gonorrhea	4	Inman	1
Syphilis	2	Spartanburg	12

CAMP WADSWORTH ZONE, S. C continued.	CAMP WHEELER ZONE, GA.
Gonorrhea—Continued. Cases.	Bibb County: Cases.
White Stone 1	Tuberculosis 1
Whitney 1	Macon:
Mumps:	Chicken pox. 1
Spartanburg 4	Diphtheria
Smallpox:	Gonorrhea
Greers 1	Malaria 4
Syphilis:	Mumps. 1
Spartanburg 1	Scarlet fever.
Tuberculosis:	
Spartanburg 3	Syphilts 1
Typhoid fever:	Typhoid fever
Duncan 2	Whooping cough 1
Spertanburg 2	United States Government clinic:
Whooping cough:	Gonorrhea 4
Spartanburg 6	Syphilis 27

DISEASE CONDITIONS AMONG TROOPS IN THE UNITED STATES.

The following data are taken from telegraphic reports received in the office of the Surgeon General, United States Army, for the week ended June 28, 1918:

Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease		Noneffective rate per 1,000 on day of	
oaly):	Cases.	report—Continued.	Cases.
All troops	948.6	Cantonments	41.3
Divisional camps	1,086.2	Departmental and other troops	32.6
Cantonments	922.4	Annual death rate per 1,000 (disease only):	
Departmental and other troops	899.8	All troops	2.13
Noneffective rate per 1,000 on day of report:		Divisional camps	1.74
All troops	37.3	Cantonments	2.46
Divisional camps	38.0	Departmental and other troops	2.00

New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended June 28, 1918.

				Ven	ercal.					rate	per 1,000 report.
Camp.	Pneumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Total.	New infections.	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet fever.	Deaths.	Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per on day of repor
Beauregard	10	5	32	71	4	11			1	1,274.9	43.0
Bowie	11		8	31	15	4		1	1	1,287.0	24.3
Cody	16			32	2	8			3	418.1	21.7
Doniphan				19		19	1	*****	1	1,482.5 784.4	41.0 33.5
Fremont	5	1	1	30	******	5	1	*****		891.5	38.5
Hancock	9	1	2 2	20		10		1	2	847. 6	24.7
Kearny Logan			ī	20		6			ī	1,257.8	82.7
MacArthur	1			-0	*****	8				1,035.6	36. 2
McClellan	1	1		31	20		1		3	1,375.8	63. 4
Sevier			9	150	10	42	2		1	1,366.9	57. 2
Shelby	5	1	21	32	1	8	1		i	1, 250. 2	41. 1
Sheridan	1		1	40	2	1				1,550.7	88, 1
Wadsworth	4		3	332	6	8		1	1	1,301.6	30, 3
Wheeler	8			76	27					1,151.6	35.6
Custer	5		2	55	5	16		1	1	497.4	17. 2
Devens	6			37	11	12				469.0	31.3
Dix	1	2	1	79	6	1	2	1	2	782.3	31.8
Dodge	7		1	56		66	1		1	1,292.6	54.9
Funston	9		1	52	4	18		9		1,331.8	49. 5
Gordon	10		1	211		10	1		1	1,579.1	54. 5
Grant	2			21	1	12	1	1	1	368.9	14.3
Jackson	7	1	1	15	1	17	2	*****	6	951.1	47. 1
J. E. Johnston			4	55	12	11				1,102.6	30. 3
I.00	12	2 2	5	29	3	29	*****		1	570.9	60.8
Lewis	4	2	1	317		20	1	3	6	1,084.9	37, 1

New cases of special diseases reported during the week ended June 28, 1918-Continued.

				Ven	ereal.					rate	000,
Camp.	Paeumonia.	Dysentery.	Malaria.	Total.	New infections.	Measles.	Meningitis.	Scarlet f. 'er.	Deaths.	Annual admission rate per 1,000 (disease only).	Noneffective per 1,000 on day of report.
Meade	5			13	1	3			1	588.3	20, 6
Pike	15		35	66		0.0			3	1, 191, 2	58. 2
Sherman	4		2	111		1			2	1, 272, 4	58. 7
Taylor	11		-	29	1	33	1	2	ī	937. 7	72.5
Travis		3	5	90		00		-	3	2, 143, 8	62.5
Upton	3			156	11	12	1	1	3	747. 7	39. 6
Northeastern Department			2	45	21	8			1	626. 2	23. 2
Eastern Department	7	2	5	222	73	19			3	752. 2	20. 5
Southeastern Department			7	93	18	56	2		1	2,033, 2	53. 4
Central Department	2		7 5	113	50	16		1	3	735. 8	30. 6
Southern Department	î	*****	3	79	8	7	*****	4	3	1,053.5	31.4
	5	1	i	47	20	lii		2	3	606.1	26.4
Western Department	3	8	1 4	205		14	1	3		922.2	28, 9
Military Aeronautics Alcatraz Disciplinary Bar- racks		1		200	*****	1	1	3	15		
Leavenworth Disciplanary		*****		2		1		*****	*****	1,089.8	21.0
Barracks.				1					-	1, 195, 2	31.9
Columbus Barracks				12		1			1	592.3	38, 6
Jefferson Barracks	3			53	5	1		1		1.483.2	115.4
Logan, Fort										1, 186, 7	71.9
McDowell Fort		1	1	13	9					2,846.3	78.0
McDowell, Fort	*****			11						407. 8	39. 7
Thomas Fort	*****	*****		5						990. 9	43, 6
Themas, Fort		*****		9	*****					391. 0	40.0
Edgewood Arsenal		*****		1	1						
Watertown Arsenal	*****	*****	*****		1	*****		*****	*****	382.6	11. 1 15. 6
Watertown Arsenai	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****				359.9	15. 0
Springfield Armory		*****		*****	*****	*****	*****	*****		252.4	47.0
Watervliet		*****		*****	*****				*****	778.4	47.9
Hoboken Newport News	8	******	11	226	29	15	3		2	718.6	33. 7
Newport News	14	12	*****	147		7		*****	3	1,724.2	82, 3
West Point										1,491.8	18.1
Keogh, Fort		*****						1		1,950.0	18.8
Greenleaf			2	28		23				939. 9	42.1
War Pr. Barracks, No. 1		*****								445.7	2.8
Charleston Port Terminal										545. 5	******
Total	232	42	179	3,604	380	643	21	36	81	948.6	37.3

Annual rate per 1,000 for special diseases.

Disease.	All troops in United States.1	Departmental and other troops. ¹	Divisional camps.1	Cantonments.1	Expeditionary forces.2
Pneumonia Dvsentery	8.5 1.5	4. 2 2. 3	13. 0 1. 4	10.3	8.6
Malaria Venereal Paratyphoid	6, 6 132, 5 , 07	4.0 124.9	13. 9 156. 7	5. 2 127. 1	1.3 33.0
Typhoid Measles Meningitis	23.6	18.2	22.7	29.3	4.5
Scarlet fever	1.3	.6	.9	.6	1. 1 2. 9

¹ Week ended June 28, 1918.

CURRENT STATE SUMMARIES.

Telegraphic Reports for Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Alabama.—Typhoid fever: Autauga County 1, Bibb 1, Butler 2, Colbert 1, Greene 1, Henry 4, Jefferson 41, Limestone 2, Marshall 3, Mobile 11, Monroe 4, St. Clair 1, Shelby 3, Tuscaloosa 6, Walker 4.

² Week ended June 20, 1918.

Smallpox: Bibb County 1, Colbert 3, Greene 1, Jefferson 5, Lauderdale 4, Mobile 1, Tuscaloosa 1, Walker 2. Diphtheria: Covington County 3, Lauderdale 1, Jackson 1, Mobile 1.

California.—Marked decrease in number of cases of measles, mumps, and scarlet fever. Six cases epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis; 1 Healdsburg, 1 Tracy, 2 Los Angeles, 1 San Francisco, 1 Richmond. One case poliomyelitis Los Angeles. Thirteen cases smallpox, scattered throughout the State. Typhoid rapidly increasing; 39 cases notified, marked prevalence in southern part of State. Gonococcus infection and syphilis show increases.

Reported by mail for preceding week (ended June 29):

Cerebrospinal meningitis	1	Mumps	67
		Pneumonia	
Diphtheria	63	Poliomyelitis	1
		Scarlet fever	
		Smallpox	
German measles	22	Syphilis	27
		Tuberculosis	
Malaria	26	Typhoid fever	20
		Whooping cough	

Connecticut.—Smallpox: Waterford 1. Poliomyelitis: Waterbury 1. Illinois.—Diphtheria: One hundred and twenty seven, of which in Chicago 101. Scarlet fever: Thirty eight, of which in Chicago 28. Smallpox: Fifteen, scattering. Meningitis: Rockford 1, Chicago 4. Poliomyelitis: Pierce Township (Dekalb County), Kaneville, Sugar Grove Township (Kane County), Kankakee, Chicago, 1 each.

Iowa.—Chancroid: Des Moines 1. Diphtheria: Boone 1, Carney 1, Cedar Rapids 1, Crocker 1, Davenport 1, Dubuque 5, Exira 1, West Bend 1, West Union 1, rural districts 1. Gonorrhea: Des Moines 2, Waukee 1. Infantile paralysis: Dubuque 20, Dyersville 1. Measles: Des Moines 1, rural districts 5. Mumps: Des Moines 2. Scarlet fever: Arthur 1, Davenport 1, Des Moines 2, Dubuque 2, Grimes 1, Springrock 1, rural districts 3. Smallpox: Atkins 2, Boone 3, Cedar Rapids 4, Davenport 1, Des Moines 7, Dubuque 6, Iowa City 6, Oskaloosa 1, Ottumwa 5, Rodman 1, West Union 1, rural districts 3. Syphilis: Des Moines 4.

Kansas.-Meningitis: Colby 1 case, Emporia (R. D.) 1.

Louisiana.—Meningitis 2, poliomyelitis 1, anthrax 3, typhoid 44, diphtheria 27.

Massachusetts.—Unusual prevalence. Measles: Andover 17, Fitch-

burg 32, Natick 18, Wilmington 10.

Minnesota.—Smallpox, new foci: Marshall County, McCrea Township, Warrenton Township, 1 each. One cerebrospinal meningitis report since July 1.

Nebraska.—Diphtheria: Cheyenne County. Smallpox: Indianola, Berlin, Avoca, Utica. Scarlet fever: Fairbury.

South Carolina.—Two cases meningitis reported, Florence and Newberry Counties. No epidemics reported.

Vermont.—Poliomyelitis: Bethel 2 cases. No other outbreak or unusual prevalence.

CEREBROSPINAL MENINGITIS.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Cas	es.	Cases.
		Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga
Camp Jos. E. Johnston zone. Fla.	1	Camp Taylor Louis, Ry

State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918.

Place,	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama (May): Chambers County Colbert County Jefferson County Lauderdale County Lowndes County Montgomery County Morgan County Tuscaloosa County Walker County Total	1 9 3 1 1 2	South Dakota (May): Brown County. Spink County. Total. Texas (April): Bexar County. Dallas County. Dallas. Houston. Henderson County	2 2 1 1 1
Colorado (May): Weld County— Greeley District of Columbia (June) Oregon (May): Clatsop County	2 5	Fort Worth	7

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Baltimore, Md	1	1	Newark, N. J. New Britain, Conn. New York, N. Y. Passaic, N. J	1	
Charleston, S. C. Charleston, W. Va Chicago, Ili Cleveland, Ohio Hattiesburg, Miss.	1 4 3	1 1 3 2	Peabody, Mass. Philadelphia, Pa Pittsburgh, Pa Providence, R. I. Schenectady, N. Y Shelbyville, Ind	2 2 1 1	
Lincoln, R. I Los Angeles, Cal. Louisville, Ky Malden, Mass Marlboro, Mass Milwaukee, Wis Nashville, Tenn	1 2 1 5 1	1 1 2 1 1 1	Superior, Wis. Trenton, N. Washington, D. C. Winchester, Mass. Winston-Salem, N. C. Yonkers, N. Y.	1 1 2 1	

DIPHTHERIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Case	08.	Cases,
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	3	Camp Shelby zene, Miss 2
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	1	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala 1
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	2	Camp Sherman zone, Ohio 3
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	4	Camp Taylor zone, Ky 4
Camp Logan zone, Tex	2	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C 1
Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga	1	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga 1

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1177.

ERYSIPELAS.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Abilene, Tex Atlanta, Ga Buffalo, N. Y	1 1 1		Milford, Mass	2 11	
Chicago, III	5 1 1	2	Portland, Oreg	2 4	
Detroit, Mich	1 1 5		Stockton, Cal Trenton, N. J	1	
Louisville, Ky	1		Transition of the second		

MALARIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Ca	ses.	Cas	283.
Camp Beauregard zone, La	6	Norfolk naval district, Va	2
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	1	Fort Oglethorpe zene, Ga	1
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	33	Camp Pike zene, Ark	25
Camp Gerdon zone, Ga	3	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	8
Guifport hea'th district, Miss	20	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	2
Comp Jos E Johnston zone Fla	7	Camp Whee'er zone. Go	4

State Reports for May, 1918.

Place,	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama: Calhoun County Colbert County. Cullman County Dallas County. DeKalb County. Geneva County. Houston County Jefferson County Lauderdale County	· 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Alabama—Continued. Mobile County Montgomery County Perry County Pickens County Pike County Shelby County Tus 2aloosa County Total	1 1 1 3
Lawrence County Madison County Marengo County	1 9	Colorado: Hueríano County	1

1170

MALARIA-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alexandria, La Atlanta, Ga Bakersfield, Cal Birmingham, Ala Charleston, S. C Danville, Ill Greenville, Tex Hattiesburg, Miss. Houston, Tex	7 2 1 5 1 9 10	1	Marshall, Tex. Melrose, Mass. Memphis, Tenn Montgomery, Ala Newark, N. J. New Orieans, La North Little Rock, Ark Palestine, Tex. Sedalia, Mo.	7 1 1 3 2 5	
Little Rock, Ark	7		Tuscaloosa, Ala	4	

MEASLES.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

. Case	es.	Case	23.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex		Camp Jos. E. Johnston zone, Fla	
Camp Devens zone, Mass	2	Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	1
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	1	Camp Logan zone, Tex	2
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	4	Camp Pike zone, Ark	1
Camp Gordon zone, Ga		Portsmouth-Kittery sanitary district, N. H	
Gulfport health district, Miss	1	Camp Taylor zone, Ky	2
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	2		

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1177.

PELLAGRA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Cases	.	Cases.
Camp Beauregard zone, La 1	1	Camp Pike zone, Ark 1
Comp Eberts zone Ark	5 1	

State Reports for May and June, 1918.

. Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama (May): Autauga County Baldwin County Barbour County Bibb County Bibb County Bluter County Calhoun County Chambers County Cherokee County Choetaw County Colbert County Conecul County Dallas County De Kalb County Etowah County Greene County Hale County Hale County Hale County Hale County Hale County	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	Alabama (May)—Continued. Limestone County Madison County Marengo County Marshall County Mobile County Montgomery County Morgan County Perry County Pickens County Randolph County Russell County Shelby County St. Clair County Sumter County Tus:aloosa County Walker County Walker County Walker County Walker County	
Jackson County	21	Total	114
Jefferson County Lauderdale County Lee County	2 2	District of Columbia (June)	5

PELLAGRA-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Abilene, Tex Anniston, Ala Atlanta, Ga Birmingham, Ala Charleston, S. C Charlotte, N. C	1	1	Memphis, Tenn	1 3	
Dallas, Tex Danville, Ill Durham, N. C Fort Worth, Tex Greenville, Tex	1 2	3	Richmond, Va Rocky Mount, N. C. Taunton, Mass. Winston-Salem, N. C.	1	

PNEUMONIA.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Cas	es.	Case	es.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	2	Camp Pike zone, Ark	2
Camp Jos. E. Johnston zone, Fla	1	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	1
Camp McClellan zone, Ala	1	Camp Taylor zone, Ky	2
Norfolk paval district Va	2		

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Abilene, TexAnniston, AlaAtlanta, Ga	1 2 1	4	Lynn, Mass Manchester, N. H	2 1 1	
Baltimore, Md	3 1 3	3 1	Melrose, Mass	1	
Cambridge, Mass	3 39	3 27	Newark, N. J. New Bedford, Mass	13	
Cleveland, Ohio	8 2	5	New Orleans, La Newport, Ky	1 2	
Detroit, MichElmira, N. YFall River, Mass	3	9	Northampton, Mass Pasadena, Cal Philadelphia, Pa	33	2
Flint, MichFremont, Ohio	1	2	Piqua, Ohio Pontiac, Mich Providence, R. I	1	
Greenville, Tex	1		Rochester, N. Y	2	
Kalamazoo, Mich Kansas City, Kans	1	2	Schenectady, N. Y Sedalia, Mo	2 2	
Leavenworth, Kans	1	3	Sheboygan, Wis	3	
Lincoln, NebrLittle Rock, ArkLos Angeles, Cal	1	6	Waltham, Mass Yonkers, N. Y.	1 8	

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS).

Texas Reports for April and May, 1918.

During the month of April, 1918, 2 cases of poliomyelitis were notified in Texas, one in Hidalgo and one in Waco; and during May four cases were notified, one in Williamson County and three in Waco.

POLIOMYELITIS (INFANTILE PARALYSIS)—Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Baltimore, Md. Canton, Ohio. Chicago, Ill. Dubuque, Iowa Lake Charles, La Little Rock, Ark Ludington, Mich Milwaukee, Wis	3 1 4 2 1 1 3 1	2	Muscatine, Iowa New Castle, Pa Naw York, N. Y Northampton, Mass Richmond, Va San Diego, Cal Waco, Tex	1 1 4 1 1 1 2	

RABIES IN ANIMALS.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

During the week ended June 22, 1918, three cases of rabies in animals were reported; one at Dayton, Ohio, one at Rochester, N. Y., and one at Springfield, Ohio.

RABIES IN MAN.

City Report for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

During the week ended June 22, 1918, one case of rabies in man was reported at North Attleboro, Mass.

SCARLET FEVER.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Cas	es.	Case	NS.
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa	2	Camp Lee zone, Va	3
Camp Funston zone, Kans	1	Fort Oglethorpe, Ga	1
Camp Gordon zone, Ga	1	Camp Sherman zone, Ohio	2
Camp Greene zone, N. C	5	Camp Travis zone, Tex	1
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	1	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	1
Comp Jackson sone S C	1		

See also Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1177.

SMALLPOX.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Cases.	Cases.
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	Fort Oglethorpe zone, Ga 2
Camp Dodge zone, Iowa 4	Camp Pike zone, Ark 1
Camp Funston zone, Kans	Camp Taylor zone, Ky 2
Camp Gordon zone, Ga 9	Tidewater health district, Va 2
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans 2	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C 1

Miscellaneous State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama (May): Barbour County. Bibb County. Bullock County. Calhour County. Chambers County. Chiton County. Choctaw County.	1 2 5 11 1 2	1	Alabama (May)—Continued. Clarke County. Colbert County. Escambia County. Franklin County. Greene County. Hale County. Jefferson County.	1 14 1 1 1 1	

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Miscellaneous State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918 -Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Alabama (May)—Continued. Lauderdale County			Texas (April)—Continued.		
Lauderdale County	10		Edwards County	2	*******
Lawrence County	1		Ferris.	9 26	
Madison County Marshall County	29		El Paso County	6	********
Mobile County	25		El Paso	6	*******
Mobile County Monroe County Montgomery County	2		Fayette County	2	
Montgomery County	10		Guadalupe County	3	
Pickens County	5		Hale County	3	
Pike County	10		Plainview	28	
Shelby County	14		Hall County—		
Shelby County Taliapoosa County Tuscaloosa County	1		Memphis	1	
Tuscaloosa County	4		Hamilton County-		
Wilcox County	5		Hico	9	
Total	255	1	Harris County— Houston	6	
2000			Harrison County-		
colorado (May):			Marshall	1	
Adams County	1		Hemphill County	4	
Alamosa County	6		Henderson County	3	
Arapahoe County	6		Hidalgo County—		
Arapahoe County Boulder County	7		Hidalgo	3	*******
Chevenne County	1		Pharr	.1	
Crowley County	1		Hill County	14	
Delta County Denver County	2		Howard County-	4.0	
Denver County	104		Biz Spring	10	
El Paso County	5		Hood County	.7	
Garfield County	6		Hunt County	18	*******
Gunnison County	1		Jefferson County—	-	
Hinsdale County	1		Beaumont	2	*******
Kit Carson County	3	********	Johnson County	12	
La Plata County	8		Cleburne	1	
Larimer County	13		Lamar County	19	*******
Las Animas County	1		Paris	5	
Morgan County	30		Lampasas County	5	
Phillips County	7		Lampasas	3	*******
Pitkin County	1		Lubbock County	6	
Pueblo County	11	********	McLennan County		
Routt County	1	********	Waco	12	*******
Saguache County	5	*********	Montague County	3	*******
Weld County	32	********	Navarro County— Corsicana	1	
Yuma County	13	********	Nolan County—		
Total	266		Sweetwater	3	
1000	200	**********	Palo Pinto County	15	
istrict of Columbia (June)	4		Mineral Wells	7	
istrict of Columbia (June)			Potter County	6	
regon (May):			Amarillo	11	
Clackamas County	7		Reeves County	4	
Columbia County	3		Runnels County—		
Grant County	i		Ballinger	. 6	
Klamath County	14	**********	Miles City	25	
Marion County	5		San Augustine County	8	
Tillamook County	i		Smith County—		
Wallowa County	15	********	TylerStarr County	5	
Wasco County	11		Starr County	2	
Wheeler County	4		Stephens County	1	
City of Portland	2		Tarrant County—		
			Fort Worth	95	
Total	63		Polytechnie	2	
			Taylor County— Merkel		
exas (April):	-		Van Vandt County	1	********
Bee County	2	********	Van Zandt County	21	********
Bee County	2		Walker County	6	********
Bowie County-			Williamson County	6	*******
Texarkana	4	********	Wood County	0	
Cameron County	1	********	Total	558	
Childress County	10	********	Total	503	*******
Comal County	11	********	Toxas (May):		
Cooke County—			Texas (May):		
Gainesville	2	********	Austin County	3	*******
Dallam County	2 9	********	Bell County	5	*******
Dallas County		********	Bexar County	20	*******
Dallas	28	********	Brogorio County	7	********
Denten Court	1	*********	Briscoe County	15	*******
Denton County	21	********	Childress County	15	*******
Pilot Point	5	********	Coleman County	60	*******
Eastland County—			Comal County	3	
Rising Star	4		Cooke County	1	

SMALLPOX-Continued.

Miscellaneous State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918-Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Texas (May)—Continued.			Texas (May)—Continued.		
Coryell County	19		Nueces County		
Dallas County	23		Orange County	12	
Dallas	32		Pale Pinto County	15	
Denton County	51		Parker County	7	
Eastland County	23		Patter County	4	
Eastand County	23		Potter County		
Ellis County			Rockwall County	10	
El Paso County	3		San Patricio County	3	
Fayette County	8		San Saba County	4	
Floyd County	4		Smith County-		
Freestone County	6		Tyler	1	
Galveston County—			Stephens County	1	
Galveston	1		Stonewall County	15	
Gonzales County	1		Tarrant County	5	
Guadalupe County	8		Fort Worth	86	
Hale County	2		Taylor County	3	
Hall County	14		Throckmorton County	10	
Hamilton County	18		Williamson County	6	
Hardeman County	19		Wood County	2	
Harris County-	10		Wood County		
Heuston	A		Total	720	
Harrison County—				120	
Marshall	2		South Dakota (May):		
Henderson County	12		Brown County		
	10	********		1	
Hidalgo County			Butte County	-	
Hill County	21		Charles Mix County	6	
Howard County	2		Deuel County	2	
Hunt County	20		Dewey County	2	
Jefferson County—			Hughes County	1	
Beaumont	5		Hutchinson County	1	
Johnson County	10		Kingsbury County	4	
Cleburne	5		Lake County	1	
Lamar County	14		Lawrence County	1	
Paris	4		McCook County	22	
Lamb County	2		Miner County	5	
Lynn County	8		Minnehaha County	6	
McLennan County	10		Perkins County	14	
Waco	8		Roberts County	4	
Montague County	7		Union County	1	
Navarro County—			Yankton County	7	
Corsicana	1		amaton county		*******
Volon County		********	Matel	60	
Nolan County	3		Total	82	

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Akron, Ohio	4		Findlay, Ohio	1	
Alexandria, La	2		Flint, Mich.	2	
Alton, Ill	1		Fond du Lac, Wis	1	
Altoona, Pa	1		Fort Dodge, Iowa	1	
Anderson, Ind	2		Fort Worth, Tex	3	
Atlanta, Ga	6		Grand Rapids, Mich	1	
Barberton, Ohio	3		Great Falls, Mont	1	
Billings, Mont	1		Greenville, S. C.	2	
Birmingham, Ala	4		Houston, Tex.	ī	
Braddock, Pa	î		Indianapolis, Ind	17	
Burlington, Iowa	5		Iola, Kans.	-4	
Butte, Mont	2		Kansas City, Kans	9	
ape Girardeau, Mo	2		Kansas City, Mo	9	
hanute, Kans	9		Kokomo, Ind.	=	
hattanooga, Tenn	0		Lake Charles, La.	3	
Chicago, Ill	1		Lima, Ohio.		
incinnati, Ohio,	2		Lincoln, Nebr		
Jamaland Ohio	3		Lang Beach Col		
leveland, Ohio	9		Long Beach, Cal	1	
offeyville, Kans	1		Los Angeles, Cal	2	
olorado Springs, Colo	5		Marion, Ind	1	
ouncil Bluffs, Iowa	3		Marshall, Tex	2	
Davenport, Iowa	6		Memphis, Tenn	1	
Denver, Colo	22		Milwaukee, Wis	3	
es Moines, Iowa	3		Minneapolis, Minn	6	
uluth, Minn			Missoula, Mont		
verett, Wash			Muskogee, Okla	2	
arrell, Pa	1		Nashville, Tenn	2	

SMALLPOX-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918-Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
New Castle, Ind. New London, Conn. New Corleans, La. Norfolk, Va. Oakland, Cal. Ogden, Utah. Ooklahoma City, Okla. Omaha, Nebr Ooshkosh, Wis Pocatello, Idaho. Pontiac, Mich Portland, Oreg. Quincy, Ill. Riverside, Cal. St. Joseph, Mo. St. Louis, Mo. St. Paul. Minn.	11 20 11 5 9 1 5 2	i	Salt Lake City, Utah Seattle, Wash Sioux City, Iowa Sioux Falis, S. Dak Spokane, Wash Springfield, Ill. Stockton, Cal Superior, Wis. Tacoma, Wash Toledo, Ohio. Topeka, Kans Trinidad, Colo. Tuscaloosa, Ala. Washington, D. C. Waterloo, Iowa. Wichita, Kans	7 2 3 1	

TETANUS.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Birmingham, Ala	1	2	Evansville, Ind	1	1

TUBERCULOSIS.

See Diphtheria, measles, scarlet fever, and tuberculosis, page 1177.

TYPHOID FEVER.

Cases Reported in Extra-Cantonment Zones, Week Ended July 6, 1918.

Case	s.	Cas	es.
Camp Beauregard zone, La	6	Camp McArthur zone, Tex	2
Camp Bowie zone, Tex	10	Camp McClellan zone, Ala	11
Camp Doniphan zone, Okla	1	Norfolk naval district, Va	3
Camp Eberts zone, Ark	1	Fort Ogletherpe zone, Ga	5
Camp Gordon sone, Ga	20	Camp Pike zone, Ark	1
Camp Greene zone, N. C	14	Camp Sevier zone, S. C	2
Gulfport health district, Miss	3	Camp Shelby zone, Miss	2
Camp Hancock zone, Ga	1	Camp Sheridan zone, Ala	6
Camp Jackson zone, S. C	3	Camp Taylor zone, Ky	5
Camp Jos. E. Johnston zone, Fla	7	Tidewater health district, Va	3
Fort Leavenworth zone, Kans	1	Camp Travis zone, Tex	26
Camp Lee zone, Va	1	Camp Wadsworth zone, S. C.	4
Camp Logan zone, Tex	4	Camp Wheeler zone, Ga	3

State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place,	New cases reported.
Alabama (May): Baldwin County Barbour County Butler County Calhoun County Chilton County Coffee County Coffee County Colert County Covington County	1 1 3 1 6	Alabama (May)—Continued, Dullas County. Etowah County. Fayette County. Hale County. Henry County Jackson County. Jefferson County. Lauderdale County.	18

TYPHOID FEVER-Continued.

State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918-Continued.

Place.	New cases reported.	Place.	New cases reported.
Alabama (May)—Continued.		Taxas (April)—Continued.	
Lawrence County	1	Lubbock County	1
Lee County	i	McLennan County—	1 .
Madison County	i	Waco	
Marengo County	î	Midland County	i
Mobile County	22	Tarrant County-	
	6	Forth Worth	1
Monroe County	6	Forth Worth	
Montgomery		Motol .	0.0
Morgan	2 2 1	Total	34
Pickens County	2	m (35)-	
Pike County		Texas (May):	
Shelby County	1	Bexar County	43
Tallapoosa County	1	Brown County	
Tuscaloosa County	1	Dallas County	3 1 1 2 1
Walker County	1	Denton County	1
Washington County	1	De Witt County	1
		Ellis County	1 2
Total	100	El Paso County	1 1
***************************************	100	Fayette County	î
Colorado (May):		Galveston County—	
Archuleta County	. 1	Galveston	6
	î	Grayson County	
Delta County Denver County	2	Guadaluna Country	
		Guadalupe County	3
Larimer County	1	Harris County—	
Pueblo County	1	Houston	10
San Miguel County	1	Harrison County—	_
Weld County	1	Marshall	2
		Hidalgo County	1
Total	8	Jefferson County—	
		Beaumont	3
District of Columbia (June)	21	Johnson County	1
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		MeLennan County-	
Oregon (May):		Waco	4
Multnomah County-		Nueces County	2
Portland	3	Orange County	3
		Robertson County	3 2
South Dakota (May):		Smith County—	-
Brown County	2	Tyler	1
Codington County	1	Stonewall County	î
Lawrence County	1	Tarrant County-	•
Total	4	Forth Worth	
		Travis County—	2
- 41 11		Austin	
Texas (April):		Wilson County	8
Bastrop County-			
Bastrop	1	Total	112
Bexar County	12		
Dallas County-		Vermont (June):	
Dallas	1	Chittenden County	
Denton County	1	Franklin County	1
Pilot Point	1	Lamoille County	1
Guadalupe County	3	Windsor County	1
Harris County—			
Houston	5	Total	8
Johnson County-	0	- V.M	
Cleburne	1		
CICDUITIO	1		

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Abilene, Tex			Berkeley, Cal		
Allentown, PaAltoona, Pa	i		Beverly, Mass	21	3
Anderson, Ind	1		Boise, Idaho	1	
Anniston, Ala	3 7		Bridgeport, Conn Buffalo, N. Y		
Atlantic City, N. J	i		Burlington, Vt	2	
Augusta, Ga	2		Cambridge, Mass		
Bakersfield, Cal		î	Canton, Ohio		
Baltimore, Md	4		Cape Girardeau, Mo	2	

TYPHOID FEVER-Continued.

City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918-Continued.

Place.	Cases.	Deaths.	Place.	Cases.	Deaths.
Charleston, S. C	11	1	Milwaukee, Wis	1	
Charleston, W. Va	3	2	Minneapolis, Minn	1	
Charlotte, N. C.	4	1	Mobile, Ala	4	
Chester, Pa	2		Montgomery, Ala	4	
Chicago, Ill	5	2	Nashville, Tenn		
Cincinnati, Ohio	3		New Orleans, La	6	
Clinton, Iowa	1		Newport, Ky	1	
Columbus, Ohio	2		Newton, Mass	î	
Covington, Ky	ī	1	New York, N. Y		
Dallas, Tex	4		Norfolk, Va	2	
Denver, Colo	i	1	North Little Rock, Ark		********
Detroit, Mich	8	î	Norwalk, Conn	î	
Durham, N. C	2		Norwood, Ohio		,
Easton, Pa.	î		Oakland, Cal.	2	********
El Dogo Mar			Omaha Vala		
El Paso, Tex	2	2	Omaha, Nebr		
Erie, Pa	5		Oswego, N. Y.	1	
Fairmont, W. Va	3		Philadelphia, Pa	1	
Fall River, Mass	1	*******	Pittsburgh, Pa	4	
Fort Wayne, Ind	1		Port Chester, N. Y	1	
Fort Worth, Tex	3	1	Portland, Me	2	
Galveston, Tex	3	1	Portland, Oreg		
Grand Rapids, Mich		1	Portland, Oreg. Poughkeepsie, N. Y	1	
Great Falls, Mont	1		Kaleigh, N. C	1	
Greensboro, N. C	1		Richmond, Va		
Greenville, S. C		2	Riverside, Cal	2	
Greenville, Tex	1		Roanoke, Va	1	
Harrisburg, Pa	1		Rochester, N. Y	1	
Hartford, Conn	1		Rocky Mount, N. C	1	
Hattiesburg, Miss	2 5		Sacramento, Cal	1	
ndianapolis, Ind	5	1	St. Louis, Mo	9	
ronton, Ohio	1		San Bernardino, Cal	2	
acksonville, Ill	4		South Bend, Ind	1	,
ohnstown, Pa	1		Springfield, Ill		
Kankakee, Ill	1		Superior, Wis	1	
Kansas City, Kans	ī		Syracuse, N. Y	î	
Kansas City, Mo	3		Taunton, Mass	î	
Knoxville, Tenn	2	1	Toledo, Ohio.	4	
a Fayette, Ind	2		Topeka, Kans	i	,
awrence, Mass	î		Waco, Tex.	5	
exington, Ky	2		Walla Walla, Wash	1	,
ittle Pools Asla	3		Washington D C	4	
Attle Rock, Ark	1		Washington, D. C	9	
on Appellon Col	5		Wheeling, W. Va	2	********
os Angeles, Cal			Wichita, Kans	1	
ouisville, Ky	4	1	Wilmington, Del	1	1
ynchburg, Va	*******	1	Winston-Salem, N. C	4	
darshall, Tex	1		York, Pa	1	
femphis, Tenn	1		Youngstown, Ohio	3	

Virginia-Alexandria.

An outbreak of typhoid fever has occurred at Alexandria, Va., where 48 cases were notified from the beginning of the outbreak to July 10, 1918.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS. State Reports for April, May, and June, 1918.

	C	ases report	ed.		Cases reported.				
State.	Diph- theria. Me	Measles.	Scarlet fever.	State	Diph- theria.	Measles.	Scarlet fever.		
Alabama (May)	16 86 44 15	149 181 215 804	17 217 32 109	South Dakota (May) Texas (April) Texas (May) Vermont (June)	5 49 60 9	257 153 140 245	70 86 43 28		

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total deaths	-	htheria	Me	easles.		arlet ver.		ber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
Over 500,000 inhabitants:			1	1		1.	1 -			_
Baltimore, Md Chicago, Ill	589, 621 2, 497, 722	161 522	111	9	61		25		38 402	27 81
Cleveland, Ohio	674,073	022	14	1	42		. 3		29	25
Cleveland, Ohio	571, 784	165	42		58	3	23	2	41	18
Los Angeles, Cal	503, 812	129	19		77		- 9	7	39	16
Los Angeles, Cal New York, N. Y. Philadelphia, Pa	5,602,841 1,709,518	1,147 454	288 38	25 8	332 353			1	465 106	133 73
Pittsburgh, Pa	579,090	101	16		91		6		30	
St. Louis, Mo	757, 309	179	27	1	14		4		43	13
From 303,000 to 500,000 inhab-										-
itants:	468, 558	135	18	1	173	1	9		28	19
Buffalo, N. Y	410, 476	119	23 12		44	1	2		25	28
Jersey City, N. J	306, 345		12		23		. 2		8	9
Milwaukee, Wis	436, 535		9		129	2	17		25 15	7
Newark N I	363, 454 408, 894	77	11	i	63		14	*****	46	16
Jersey City, N. J. Milwaukee, Wis. Minneapolis, Minn Newark, N. J. New Orleans, La.	371,747		60	1	2	1			49	28
Seattle, Wash	343,039		2		48		19			
From 200,000 to 300,000 inhab-	363, 980	130	11	*****	32	1	8		21	16
itants:						1				
01 -1 - 011	214,878	65			6		17		6	7
Denver, Colo	260,800	62	14	1 1	16		8			9
Indianapolis, Ind.	271, 708	83 114	9	1	5 7	1	15		14	10 19
Louisville Kv	297, 874 238, 910	65	1		i		0		17	12
Portland, Oreg.	295, 463	57	4		48		3		8	
Providence, R. I	254,960	49	16	2	77	2	5			1 3 7
Rochester, N. Y	295, 463 254, 960 256, 417 247, 232	54 50	16	4	93 21	1	10		16	6
Columbus, Onlo. Denver, Colo. Indianapolis, Ind. Kansas City. Mo. Louisville, Ky. Portland, Oreg. Providence, R. I. Rochester, N. Y. St. Paul, Minn. From 100,000 to 200,000 inhabitants:	211, 232	30	10		21					
itants:										
Atlanta, Ga. Birmingham, Ala. Bridgeport, Conn. Cambridge, Mass. Camden, N. J. Dallas, Tex.	190, 558	66					3		6	5 3 5
Bridgeport Copp	181,762 121,576	73 29	3	*****	6	· · · · i	3		8 5	5
Cambridge, Mass	112, 921	28	9	1	18				2	4
Camden, N. J.	106, 233 121, 527 127, 244 101, 508 128, 366 104, 562 128, 291 110, 960 112, 307 102, 560 113, 245 102, 425 148, 995 117, 057 118, 158 149, 685 198, 604 165, 470 109, 381 156, 687 117, 399 150, 323 163, 942				3		1		11	
Dallas, Tex	124, 527	40	1				2		3	3 3
Dayton, Ohio	101 508	50	····i				2	******	*****	
Des Moines, Iowa	128, 366	14	1		2		2 2		10	3
Fort Worth, Tex	104, 562	26	1		*****				6	6
Grand Rapids, Mich	128, 291	26 34	5	1	13	*****	7 2	1	6	2
Hartford, Conn	112,307	43		*****			-		3	4
Lawrence, Mass.	100,560	35			72	1			3	5
Loweil, Mass Lynn, Mass	113, 245	38			23	1	····i		6	6
Lynn, Mass	148 995	23 51	1		9 2		1		26	8
Memphis, Tenn Nashville, Tenn	117,057	55	1		10				4	6
New Bedford, Mass New Haven, Conn	118, 158		1				1		12	7
New Haven, Conn	149,685	39	····i	· · · i	3		1		5	3 6 2 4 4 5 6 2 8 6 7 3 7 3
Oakland, Cal Omaha, Nebr	165, 470	41	18	1	6		3 8 2 1		0	3
	109, 381		3		9		2			
Richmond, Va. Salt Lake City, Utah	156,687	57	1		26		1		1	11
Salt Lake City, Utah	117, 399	31	1		14		6 2	*****		4
Spikane, Wash. Springfield, Mass. Syraeuse, N. Y Tacoma, Wash. Toledo, Ohio.	105, 942	28	2		30				7	3
Syracuse, N. Y	155,624	42	3		14		4		4	2
Tacoma, Wash	112,770	67	2		12		31			
Toledo, Ohio	191,554		6	*****	12	1	1		13	11
Youngstown, Ohio	155, 624 112, 770 191, 554 111, 593 108, 385	42 24	2		7	1			1	î
rom 50,000 to 100,000 inhab-	2007000									
itants:	67	-							7	9
Akron, Ohio	85,625	29	9		113	*****	5		2	2
Allentown, Pa	63, 505 58, 659		5							
Altoona, Pa	58,659 57,660	11			5 5				1	
Augusta, Ga	53, 245	9			5					1
Bayonne, N. J	50, 245 69, 893 57, 653		3		9		1		4	*****
Berkeley, Cal Brockton, Mass	67, 449	11	9	*****	14		2		2	····i

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918—Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total deaths	Diph	theria.	Mes	isles.		orlet ver.	Tu	ber- losis.
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 50,000 to 100,000 inhabit- ants—Continued.										
Canton, Ohio	60,852	5	3							
Charleston, S. C	60, 852 60, 734 60, 075	25 7								
Canton, Ohio. Charleston, S. C. Chattanooga, Tenn Covington, Ky Duluth, Minn El Paso, Tex Erie, Pa. Evapsville Ind	60,075						1		2	
Duluth Minn	57, 144 94, 495	23	1		4		1		3	
El Paso, Tex	91, 495 63, 705 75, 195	40		i	3		1			
El Paso, Tex. Erie, Pa Evansville, Ind. Flint, Mich Fort Wayne, Ind Harrisburg, Pa Hoboken, N. J. Holyoke, Mass Jacksonville, Fla Johnstown, Pa Kansas City, Kans Lancaster, Pa Little Rock, Ark Malden, Mass Manchestor, N. H. Mobile, Ala	75, 195		2		75		1		3	
Evansville, Ind		18 10	1		*****		3		1	
Fort Wayne, Ind.	54,772 76,183 72,015	18			8				1	
Harrisburg, Pa	72,015		3							
Hoboken, N. J.	77, 214 65, 286 76, 101	12	1		1	1	3	1	6	1
Jacksonville Fla	76, 101	14			*****				1	1
Johnstown, Pa	68, 529				5				2	
Kansas City, Kans	99,437		2		5				1	
Lancaster, Pa.	50, 853 57, 343		2		2					
Malden, Mass	51 155	10	5		31		*****			
Manchester, N. H.	78, 283 58, 221 53, 794	11	1		17				2 7	
Mobile, Ala New Britain, Conn	58, 221	24								
New Britain, Conn	53,794	18	3	i	3		10			
Oklahoma City Okla	89,612	27			3		*****			
Passaic, N. J	92, 943 71, 744	23	8	1	58	*****	····i		3	
Peoria, Ill.	71, 458	12								
Portland, Me	63 867	14			4		*****			
Rockford, Ill	55, 185	8	2		6				1	
Saginaw Mich	55, 185 66, 895 55, 642	19	2	2	3		3		1	
New Britain, Conn. Norfolk, Va Oklahoma City, Okla Passaic, N. J Peoria, Ill. Portland, Me Rockford, Ill. Sacramento, Cal. Saginaw, Mich. St. Joseph, Mo. San Diego, Cal. Schenectady, N. Y Somerville, Mass. South Bend, Ind.	85, 236	42	2	*****	1	*****	1	*****	3	
San Diego, Cal	85, 236 53, 330 99, 519 87, 039	25	1		2 5		2		9	
Schenectady, N. Y	99, 519	19	3			····i	1 2		5	
South Bend Ind	68, 946	17	3		16	1	2		3 4	
South Bend, Ind	61, 120	11	*****		3		*****			
Springfield, Ohio	51,550	10			19				i	
Springierd, Office Terre Haute, Ind Troy, N. Y Wichita, Kans Wilkes-Barre, Pa Wilmington, Del Yonkers, N. Y	61, 120 51, 550 66, 093	20			4					
Wichita Kans	77,916 70,722 76,776	21	1		1 2				3	
Wilkes-Barre, Pa	76, 776		3		14		*****	*****	1	
Wilmington, Del	94, 250 [23	2		4	i	1		2	
Yonkers, N. Y	99, 838 51, 656	15	11		147		2			
rom 25 000 to 50 000 inhabitants	51,656		1		4		1		····i	
Yonkers, N. Y. York, Pa. York, Pa. York, Pa. York, Pa. York, Pa. Austin, Tex. Boise, Idaho Brookline, Mass. Burlington, Iowa Burlier, Pa. Butte, Mont. Central Falls, R. I. Charleston, W. Va. Chelsea, Mass. Chester, Pa. Chicopee, Mass. Chistor, Pa.	27,732	4			20		4		2	
Austin, Tex	34, 814	12								
Boise, Idaho	33,846	2	····i		7					
Burlington Iowa	34, 814 33, 846 32, 730 25, 030	6			3				2	
Butler, Pa	27,632		· · · i		1			*****		****
Butte, Mont	27, 632 43, 425 25, 636	8			3		5			
Charleston W Va	25,636	17			1		1			
Charlotte N. C	29,941	16	1		12		10		2	
Chelsea, Mass	39, 823 46, 192 41, 396	5	1		3	1	2		1	****
Chester, Pa	41,396				4		- 1			
Clinton Jowa	29,319 27,386 32,971	6	1		3		1		1	
Colorado Springs, Colo	32,971	10	*****		1 4		i	*****	7	****
Chester, Pa Chicopee, Mass Clinton, Iowa Colorado Springs, Colo Columbia, S. C. Council Bluffs, Iowa Craaston, R. I. Cumberland, Md. Danville, Ill Davenport, Iowa Dubuque, Iowa Durham, N. C. Easton, Pa.	34 611	10	1		1					
Council Bluffs, Iowa	31,484	8			1		4			
Cumberland Md	31,484 25,987 26,074	8	1		16					****
Danville III	20,074	10	1	1		*****			2	
Davenport, Iowa.	48, 811	10			2		6	*****	2	
Dubuque, Iowa	39, 873	5	4		ī		1			****
Durham, N. C	37, 231 48, 811 39, 873 25, 061 30, 530	4					1		1	
Easton, Pa. East Orange, N. J.	33, 530				6				3	****
Elgin, Ill Elmira, N. Y	42,458 28,203	2 7	1	*****	18	*****	1		3	****
V21 . 22 42	38, 120	3	*****	*****	59	*****	*****	*****	3	

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918—Continued.

	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916	Total	-	theria	. Me	asles.		ver.		herosis
City.	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	from all causes.		Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Danthe
From 25,000 to 50,000 inhabit-										
ants—Continued Evanston, III Everett, Wass. Everett, Wash Fitchburg, Mass Galveston, Tex Green Bay, Wis. Haverhill, Mass Hazelton, Pa. Jackson, Mich Jamestown, N. Y. Kalamazoo, Mich Kenesha, Wis. Knoxville, Tenn La Crosse, Wis. Laxington, Ky Lima, Obio	28, 591	6	1							
Everett Mass	33 233	5	2		1		1		*****	
Everett, Wash	35,486	3		1	2				*****	
Fitchburg, Mass	28, 591 33, 233 35, 486 41, 781 41, 863 22, 353 48, 477 28, 401	9			54		····i		2	
Galveston, Tex	41,863	16								
Haverbill Mass	48, 477	10	2		22					
Hazelton, Pa.	28, 491 35, 396 36, 580 48, 886 31, 576	10	3	*****	18	*****	*****		3	
Jackson, Mich	35, 396	12			S		2		*****	
Jamestown, N. Y	36,580	6	2		50				3	
Kalamazoo, Mich	48,886	20			6					
Knowille Tenn	38, 676	5	4	*****	32	*****	3 2			
La Crasse, Wis.	31,677	12		*****	2		-	*****	2	
Lexington, Ky	21,677 41,097	16			1					
Lima, OtioLincoln, Netr	35,384	10			7		1			
Lincoln, NetrLong Beach, Cal	46,515	5	2	*****			1			
Lorun Obio	36 046	8	i		3				1	
Lynchburg, Va.	32, 940	18	1		1					
Lorain, Ohio	35, 384 46, 515 27, 587 36, 946 32, 940 30, 699	3	1		î				1	
McKeesport, Pa	47, 521 26, 234		2		8				2	
Medford, Mass	26, 234	10	1		18				2	
Monteleis N. I	27, 451 26, 318	*******	1		13				2 .	
Madison, vis McKeesport, Pa. McMessport, Pa. Medford, Mass Molline, III Montelair, N. J. Montgomery, Ala Nashta, N. H. Newburgh, N. Y. New Castle, Pa.	43, 285	17	*****		2				1	
Nashua, N. H.	27, 327	5		*****			1		4	
Newburgh, N. Y	27,327 29,603	9							2	
New Castle, Pa	41, 133		1				3			
Newport, Ky	31,927	10							2	
Newport, Ky Newport, R. I Newton, Mass Niggra Falls, N Y Norristown, Pa	30, 108	8	1	1					2 -	
Niacara Falls, N. Y	43,715 37,353	13	1 3	2	8				2 .	
Nerristown, Pa	31,401	10		2	3 2					
Norwair, Conn	26,899						1		2	***
Oak Park, Ill	26, 654	4	7		2		2 .			
Orange N I	31,404	6	1		12		2			
Ogden, Utah Orange, N. J Oshkosh, Wis	33, 080 36, 065	12			11			*****	2	
Pasadena, Cal. Perth Amboy, N. J.	46,450	16			4		2		3	
Perth Amboy, N. J.	41, 185	16					1		3	
Pittsfield, Mass	38,629	9	1		2				5	
Ouinog III	30,390	11			5				1 .	
Quincy Mass	36, 798 38, 136	11	2		12					
Pittsfield, Mass. Poughkeepsie, N. Y. Quincy, III. Quincy, Mass Racine, Wis.	46,486	6	-		9		2 :		3	
Roanoke, Va	43, 284	13	2		6				4	
Rock Island, Ill	28,926	6 .			8 .					
Salem, Mass San Jose, Cal	48,562	20	3	*****	12		1 .		3	
Sheboygan, Wis.	38,902 .	6			6	*****				
Sheboygan, Wis	28,559 29,201 40,341		3 .		0	*****	4 -		3	
Springfield, Mo	40,341	15 .							9	****
Steubenville, Ohio	27, 445 35, 358 46, 266 36, 283 48, 726 33, 385 25, 136	15 .			1 .		2		1	
Superior Wis	35,358	7	2	1 .			4		2	
Stockton, Cal Superier, Wis. Taunton, Mass. Topeka, Kans. Waco, Tex Walla Walla, Wash. Waltham Mass	36 982	9 .	1		4 .		3			
Topeka, Kans	48,726	20	3	1 :		*****	2		****	
Waco, Tex	33,385	9	ı.						3	
Walla Walla, Wash	25, 136				5 .		1			
TY MILLIONS, MINOS	30, 570 35, 559 43, 139	4 .			20	1		****	1	
West Hoboken, N. J.	43 120	7 5 .	1 .		5 .		3			
Wheeling, W. Va.		8 .			8 .					
Wheeling, W. Va. Winston-Salem, N. C.	43,377 31,155	25			î.			****	6	
Zanesville, Obio	30,863	8 .								-
m 10,000 to 25,000 inhabit-				1	1		1			
Abilene Tex	14 228	10					-			
Abilene, Tex	14, 228 14, 214 15, 333 22, 874 23, 996	10			****					
Alexandria, La	15, 333	8				****		****		
Alton, Ill		8								

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918-Continued.

Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916			htheri	a. M	easles,		arlet ver.		iber- losis
	from	1	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deathe
								-	-
15 010		1 .					1		
14 119	11	1	*****	- 6					
16, 704	3	1						0	
17,834					1	1			-
12,810				. 3				2	1
14,007				- 7					
10 262								1	0
19, 282						*****			
				9		*****		*****	
13, 210	6							1	
10, 287	2			. 1					
13,532		1		. 2		1			
10, 549						*****			
12, 393	9				*****	4	*****		
18,072	7	3			1			1	
10,833	2				1			*****	
14, 142		4				1		4	
21,645	2					1		2	
19,422								2	
21,685		1		9		2	*****	1	
1 14, 544	*******	1		1		*****			
15,927	6			1		1	*****	9	
21,617	1							-	
	6								
13,262	1								
10,773	******	1				*****			
19, 726	*******	8		1		*****			
11,692				1					****
12,445				i		1			
15, 470		5				2		1	
17 549	3			8		*****			
22, 669	7	*****		*****		*****			
15, 406	i	1	*****	4	*****	*****	*****	1	***
10, 432	2								
13,069							-		
10, 433		1		2					
20 776	- 1								
18, 807	******	2	*****		*****		*****		
12,231	3		*****	10					
13,483	8					2		i	
13,572				6					
17,389	5	*****							
21 113	5	*****		2	*****	1 -		1 .	
20,648		*****			*****	3 -	*****		***
10,550	1 [******				***
10,770	3		1						
11, 112	4								
24 267						1 .			
13, 711	6			1		*****			
24,398	3			12		1			****
15, 142	3	1		2					
2 13, 948	5 .					1			

19, 159	1	7		1		*****			
	5		*****					2	
12,079	2 .							3	
16, 482	19 .								• • • • •
12, 192	5 .								
11,685	4 .				*****	2			
11,672	11		*****	2 .	*****	3			***
11,068	44	1 -							1
	tion as of duly 1, 1916 (ostimated by U. S. Census Bureau). 15,010 14,112 16,704 17,834 12,810 14,007 21,498 10,363 19,282 16,874 13,130 14,348 12,393 14,142 21,645 14,544 15,927 16,755 16,764 17,754 18,196 17,754 18,197 17,548 22,699 17,498 11,692 11,445 11,492 11,692 11,493 11,493 11,493 11,494 11,692 11,493 11,498 11,998 11,498 11,998 11,695 11,665 11,665 11,667	tion as of Total July 1, 1916 death (stimated by U. S. all causes Bureau). 15,010 111 14, 112 16,704 3 17,834 4 12,810 4 14,007 2 21,498 4 16,874 9 19,363 9 19,363 9 19,363 9 19,363 9 19,363 9 19,363 2 21,498 4 16,874 9 13,210 6 10,227 1 10,349 2 10,349 2 11,414 22 14,438 3 12,383 2 14,142 22 14,45 1 15,627 6 18,466 1 18,466 1 19,574 6 11,5794 6 11,675 1 10,775 1 10,242 1 10,775 1 10,242 1 10,775 1 10,242 1 10,775 1 10,242 1 10,775 1 10,432 1 10,775 1 10,432 1 10,775 1 10,432 1 10,775 1 10,432 1 10,775 1 11,692 1 17,548 1 18,466 1 19,472 1 19,173 1 10,775 1 10,432 1 10,775 1 11,672 1 11,672 1 11,672 1 11,672 1 11,672 1 11,685 1	tion as of July 1, 1916 deaths (estimated by U. S. Census: Bureau). 15,010	tion as of Total July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census: Bureau). 15,010	tion as of Dotal July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Census: Bureau). 15,010	15,010	Total July 1, 1916 Ceaths from all cestimated by U. S. Census Bureau). Census Bureau. Census Bureau). Census Bureau. Census Bureau.	Total July 1, 1916 (estimated by U. S. Bureau) Eauses S.	Total July 1, 1916 Geaths Secure George Geaths Gestimated Norm Sureau). Secure George Geaths Secure George Geaths Secure George Geaths George G

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918—Continued.

Cit-	Popula- tion as of July 1, 1916			htheria	Me	asles.		arlet ver.		iber- losis.
City.	by U. S. Census Burea:1).	from all causes.	Caşes.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabit-	1									-
ants—Continued.				1	1					
Ironton, Ohio	13,949				6					
Janesville, Wis	15,848	8								
	14,339 10,646		1		*****	*****	1	*****		
Kankakee, Ill	14 230		i				*****		*****	
Kankakee, III. Kearny, N. J. Keokuk, Iowa. Kokomo, Ind	23,539 1 14,008	- 7			5			******		
Kelemo Ind	1 14,008								1	
La Fayette, Ind	20,930	9 2	2				1		3	
	21, 286 14, 447	11	1	*****					1	
Lancaster, Chio	15, 670	**		*****	5	*****	*****	*****		
Lawrence, Kans	13, 324				1			*****		
Leavenworth, Kans	1 19, 363	7	3				1		2	
Lake Charles, La. Lancaster, Chio. Lawrence, Kans. Leavenworth, Kans. Little Falls, N. Y. Long Branch, N. J. Ludington Mich.	13, 324 19, 363 13, 451	6								
Ludington Mich	15, 395	3		*****	11					
Ludington, Mich. Manchester, Conn. Manitowoc, Wis. Mariboro, Mass. Markette, Wis.	10, 367	2					****			
Manitowoe, Wis	15,551 13,805	5	*****		2		*****			
Marinette, Wis	1 14, 610 I	3	2	*****	-		3	*****	1	
Marlboro, Mass	15, 187 12, 409 13, 712	4			1		*****		1	
Marquette, Mich	12, 409	5					1			
Marquette, Mich. Marshall, Tex. Masson City, Iowa. Massilion, Chio. Mattoon, Ill.	13,712	5	2				1			
Massillon thio	14, 457	5								
Mattoon, Ill	15,310 12,582	6 2								
Mahanov City, Pa.	17, 463	2		*****					1 .	
Mattoon, Mahanoy City, Pa Meadville, Pa Melrose, Mass	13, 802	******	*****	*****	5			*****		
Melrose, Mass	13, 802 . 17, 445 21, 512	3	1		0			*****	3	
Michigan City, Ind	21,512	1	1					*****	3	
Meirose, Mass. Michigan City, Ind. Middletown, N. Y. Milford, Mass. Misseyda, Mont	15, 810 1.								1	
Missoula Mont	14, 110 18, 214	1								****
Missoela, Mont. Monessen, Pa. Morgantown, W. Va. Moundsville, W. Va. Morristown, N. J. Mount Carmel, Pa.	21 620	3	3	*****						
Morgantown, W. Va	21,630 .	1	3		3 .	*****				
Moundsville, W. Va	13,709 11,153 13,284	i l			1 .	*****		*****	1 .	****
Morristown, N. J	13, 281	4			6	*****				
Mount Carmel, Pa	201 2000								3	****
Muscaline, lowa	17,500 23,126				1 .					****
Nanticoke, Pa	23, 126	******	1 .		1 .					
New Albany, Ind.	10, 102	6 -			19 .		1 .			
Natick, Mass New Albany, Ind Newburyport, Mass	15 242	8 :		*****						
	23, 629 15, 243 13, 241	2		*****	2 .				****	
New London, Conn		6	4 .	*****	0		2		2	
New London, Conn	1 22,019	8 .					-		-	
North Attlebore Mess	1 22,019 19,926 11,014	1 .			12				1	****
North Braddock Pa	11,014	3 .		*****	2					
Northampton, Mass. North Attleboro, Mass. North Braddock, Pa. North Tonawanda, N. Y. Norwood, Ohio. Oil City, Pa. Olean, N. Y. Oswego, N. Y.	15, 148	3	1 .	****	3					
Norwood, Ohio	13,768 22,286 19,297	2	1 .	*****	7			****	1	
Oil City, Pa	19, 297		1	*****		****		****	3	
Olean, N. Y	10, 624 1	9								****
Oswego, N. Y	24, 101 11, 854				3		1		1	1
Palestine, Tex Parkersburg, W. Va	11,854	3								
Peabody Mass	20,612	5	****							
Peabody, Mass Phoenixville, Pa	18,360	3		****	12					
Picus Ohio	11,714 14,153	4		****	1	****				
Plainfield, N. J	23 805	3			3		1		2	• • • •
Plymouth, Mass	13, 743	4						****	-	
Plainfield, N. J	13, 743 19, 100 12, 293						2		2	
Pomona Cal	12, 293				1					
Pomona, Cal	13, 150	7					***		1	
Port Chester N V	16 182	1	2		6				1	1
Pottsville, Pa	17, 524 16, 183 22, 372	4	2		3	****	***		5	
Rahway, N. J	10, 219	3	2	****	2	***	***	***	2	****
Pottsville, Pa	20, 127	12	î	****			***	***	***	
Redlands, Cal	20, 127 14, 000	3					1	***		1
Richmond, Ind Riverside, Cal Rocky Mount, N. C	24, 697 19, 763 12, 067	3	1		1					
					1					

¹ Population Apr. 15, 1910; no estimate made.

DIPHTHERIA, MEASLES, SCARLET FEVER, AND TUBERCULOSIS—Contd. City Reports for Week Ended June 22, 1918—Continued.

City.	July 1, 1916 deat	nas of Total		Diphtheria.		Measles.		Scarlet fever.		Tuber- culosis.	
	(estimated by U. S. Census Bureau).	(estimated from all causes.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	Cases.	Deaths.	
From 10,000 to 25,000 inhabit-	100										
ants-Continued.											
Rome, N. Y	23,737		1		1				2		
Rutland, Vt	14,831	3			*****						
San Bernardino, Cal	16,945				2				1		
Sandusky, Ohio	20, 193	2							1		
Sanford, Mc	10,916	2			*****						
Santa Barbara, Cal	14,846	6							2	1	
Santa Cruz, Cal	14,594	2									
Saratoga Springs, N. Y	13, 821	6			10				2		
Sault Ste. Marie, Mich	13,919	2									
Sedalia, Mo	19, 449	8	1								
Shamokin, Pa	21, 129		1				1				
Shelbyville, Ind	10,965	2			*****						
Sioux Falls, S. Dak	16, 499	6							*****		
Southbridge, Mass	14, 205	3							1		
St. Cloud, Minn	11,817	3	*****					*****	1		
Steelton, Pa	15,548	0	******			*****					
Sunbury, Pa			1			*****	*****		1		
	16, 260		1	*****		*****					
Trinidad, Colo	13,875				2		1				
Tuscaloosa, Ala	10,488	4									
Vallejo, Cal	13,461	6									
Vancouver, Wash	13, 180				1						
Washington, Pa	21,618				1						
Watertown, Mass	14,867	3			4						
Wausau, Wis	19, 239	4									
West Chester, Pa	13, 176				4						
West New York, N. J	18,773				1						
West Orange, N. J	13,550	2	2		11		1		1	1	
White Plains, N. Y	22, 465	3					î				
Wilkinsburg, Pa	23, 228		1		1		•		1		
Winchester, Mass	10,630				î	*****					
Winona, Minn.	18,583	2		*****		*****	1		*****		
Winthrop, Mass.	12,692	2			2						
Woburn, Mass.			*****	*****	2	*****	*****		*****		
woburn, mass	15,969	2				*****					

67288°-18---3

FOREIGN.

CUBA.

Communicable Diseases-Habana.

Communicable diseases have been notified at Habana as follows:

Disease.	June 1-1	Remaining under treat-	
D square.	New cases.	Deaths.	ment June 10, 1918.
Cerebrospinal meningitis.	4	2	1
falaria leasles aratyphoid fever	5 1 2		•
carlet fever. 'yphoid fever. 'aricella.	28 16	4	11

¹ Foreign 2. ² From the interior 31.

Reports Received During Week Ended July 12, 1918.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Rangoon. Java: West Java.	Apr. 7-May 4	16	10	Mar. 29-Apr. 4, 1918: Casos, 18
Batavia	Mar. 29-Apr. 4	14	6	deaths, 8.

PLAGUE.

Ecuador: DuranGuayaquilIndia	Apr. 1-30do	2 21	10	Mar. 31-Apr. 6, 1918; Cases,
BasseinBombay.	Mar. 25-Apr. 13 Mar. 31-Apr. 6		57 78 20	28,841; deaths, 22,963.
Henzada Mandalay	Mar. 24-Apr. 13 Mar. 17-Apr. 6		20 43 57	
Moulmein	Mar. 24-Λpr. 13 Mar. 17-30		57 9 17	
Prome. Rangoon. Toungoo	Mar. 24-Apr. 13 Apr. 7-May 4 Mar. 24-Apr. 13	182	178	

From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources.

^{*} From the interior 1. * From the interior 53.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Reports Received During Week Ended July 12, 1918—Continued.

SMALLPOX.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Brazil: Santos	Apr. 22–28		1	
British East Africa:	Jan. 1-Mar. 31		3	
Mombasa	Jun. 1-Mar. 31		3	
Manitoba—				
Winnipeg	June 9-22	5		
China:				
Dairen	May 7-20	12	3	
Tsingtau	May 6-19	7		
Colombia:				
Cartagena	May 21-27		1	
Ecuador:	1 1 00			
Guayaquil	Apr. 1-30	2		
Egypt: Alexandria	May 7-13	1		
France:	may 1-10			
Paris	Apr. 28-May 11	3	1	
Rouen	May 19-25	2		Varioloid included.
India:				
Bombay	Mar. 31-Apr. 6	79	39	
Rangoon	Apr. 7-May 4	37	17	
Java:				
Mid-Java	Mar. 21-27	12		
West Java				Mar. 29-Apr. 4, 1918: Cases, 27
Mexico:				deaths, 7.
Mazatlan	June 5-11		1	
Portugal:	VIII. U	********		
Lisbon	May 26-June 8	27		

TYPHUS FEVER.

Egypt: Alexandria	May 7-13	259	64		
Great Britain: Belfast	May 26-June 1	,			
	May 19-June 1	13	4		
Greece: Saloniki	May 12-25		9		
Italy:	May 6-26	2		Province of Bari.	
Molfetta	də	12		Do.	
Java: West Java				Mar. 29-Apr. 4, 1918; Cases,	9:
	May 29-Apr. 4	4	2	deaths, 2.	,

YELLOW FEVER.

	1		1 1	
Ecuador: Guayaquil Naranjal		22 1	9	

Reports Received from June 29 to July 5, 1918.1

CHOLERA.

Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
India: Madras. Rangoon. Indo-China	Mar. 24-Apr. 6 Mar. 30-Apr. 6	3 3	1 2	Jan. 1-31, 1918; Cases, 91; deaths,
Cambodia	Jan. 1-31do Apr. 29-May 12 Jan. 1-31	50 40 38 1	29 37 24	66.

¹ From medical officers of the Public Health Service, American consuls, and other sources. For reports received from Dec. 29, 1917, to June 28, 1918, see Public Health Reports for June 28, 1918. The tables of epidemic diseases are terminated semiannually and new tables begun.

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Reports Received from June 29 to July 5, 1918-Continued.

	CHOLERA-	-Conti	aued.	
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Java: West Java				Feb. 22-Mar. 28, 1918: Cases, 70
Philippine Islands:	Feb. 22-Mar. 28	42	. 17	deaths, 35.
Provinces Bohol Capiz	Apr. 28-May 4	24 1	20	Apr. 28-May 4, 1918: Cases, 97 deaths, 78.
Leyte	do	24	13	
Misamis	do	28 20	24 20	
Surigao				May 5-11, 1918: Cases, 72; death
Provinces Cebu Leyte	May 5-11	5 25	1 14	35.
Misamis	do	42	20	
	PLA	GUE.	*	
Ceylon:				
Colombo	Mar. 23-Apr. 20	9	9	
Hongkong	Apr. 14-May 11	7	5	Jan. 1-May 2, 1918: Cases, 113
Provinces-		2	1	deaths, 71.
Beni-Souef	Apr. 26-30 Apr. 21-29	5	3	
	Apr. 21-29 Apr. 23-30	16	8	Three septicemic.
India:	Mar. 24-30	53	45	
Bombay	Mar. 24–30 Mar. 24–Apr. 6 Mar. 30–Apr. 6	368	274	
RangoonIndo-China.	Mar. 30-Apr. 6	78	74	Jan. 1-31, 1918: Cases, 159; death:
Anam	Jan. 1-31	38 83	22	110.
Cambodia	do	38	77	
Saigon	Apr. 29-May 12	38	17	
Java: East Java Surabaya	Feb. 12-Mar. 18	28	28	Feb. 12-Mar. 18, 1918: Cases, 8: deaths, 81.
On vessel:	May 19	3	1	At Gravesend, England, from Bombay.
	SMAL	LPOX.		
	May 5-11	1		
	June 16-22	2		
Ceylon: Colombo	Mar. 23-Apr. 20	. 5	. 1	
China: Amoy Hongkong	Apr. 1-20 Apr. 6-May 11	3 2	i	Present.
France:	Apr. 21-May 6 Apr. 21-27	2	1	
Rouen	May 12-18	2		Including varioloid.
Bombay	Mar. 24-30	84 29	45 21	
Karachl	Apr. 6-20 Mar. 24-Apr. 6	36	8	
Rangoon	Mar. 31-Apr. 6	13	6	Jan. 1-31, 1918; Cases, 552; deaths
Indo-China	Jan. 1-31	242	30	120.
Cambadia	do	20 258	5	
Cochin-China	do Apr. 29, May 12 Jan. 1-31	94	84 30	
Laos	Jan. 1-31	7 25	1	
Tonkin	00	25	•••••	

CHOLERA, PLAGUE, SMALLPOX, TYPHUS FEVER, AND YELLOW FEVER—Continued.

Reports Received from June 29 to July 5, 1918-Continued.

SMALLPOX-Continued.

	DALISI OA	Conti		
Place.	Date.	Cases.	Deaths.	Remarks.
Italy: Mezzojuso.	May 20			Many cases. Province of Paler
Mezzojuso	May 29			mo, Sicily.
Turin	Apr. 15-May 19	11	1	
Java: East Java				Feb. 12, Mar. 18, 1918; Cases, 15
Surahaya	Feb. 26-Mar. 4	1	1	deaths, 1.
East Java Surabaya Mid-Java				deaths, 1. Feb. 14-Mar. 20, 1918; Cases 27.
West Java Batavia	E-b 00 Man 00			Feb. 22-Mar. 28, 1918; Cases, 82 deaths, 21.
Mexico:	Feb. 22-Mar. 25	10		deaths, 21.
Aguascalientes	June 10-16		1	
Mexico City		15	********	
Mesopotamia: Bagdad	Mar. 16-Apr. 5	7	7	
Philippine Islands:	Mar. 10-Apr. 0			
Manila	Apr. 28-May 11	175	94	Varioloid, 65 casas.
Portugal:		12		
LisbonSpain:	Fee. 24-May 20	12		
Coruna	Apr. 28-May 4		1	
Malaga	Dec. 1-31		29	
Seville	Apr. 1-30		1	
Argentina: Rosario	Apr. 1-30		1	
China: Shanghai	May 5-11		1	
Greece:				
Saloniki	Apr. 28-May 11		7	
Java: East Java				Feb. 12-Mar. 18, 1918; Cases, 21;
Surabaya	Feb. 12-Mar. 18	18	4	deaths, 5.
Mid-Java				Feb. 14-Mar. 20, 1918: Cases, 9.
Samarang West Java		5		Feb. 28-Mar. 28, 1918; Cases, 36
Batavia		26	6	deaths, 6.
Mexico:	Man 10 Tune 1	62		
Mexico City Mesopotamia:	May 19-June 1	62		
Bagdad	Mar. 29-Apr. 5	2		
Portugal:		-		
Lisbon	Feb. 24-May 25	5		
Tunis	May 18-31	6	2	
	YELLOW	FEVE	2. .	
Brazil:				
Bahia	May 5-11	1	1	